

AP CALCULUS TAKE HOME EXAM

PART B – GRAPHING CALCULATOR ALLOWED.

50 minutes, 17 Questions.

76. A particle moves along the x -axis so that at any time $t \geq 0$ its velocity is given by $v(t) = t^2 \ln(t+2)$. What is the acceleration of the particle at time $t = 6$?

- (A) 1.500
- (B) 20.453
- (C) 29.453
- (D) 74.860
- (E) 133.417

77. If $\int_0^3 f(x) dx = 6$ and $\int_3^5 f(x) dx = 4$, then $\int_0^5 (3 + 2f(x)) dx =$

- (A) 10
- (B) 20
- (C) 23
- (D) 35
- (E) 50

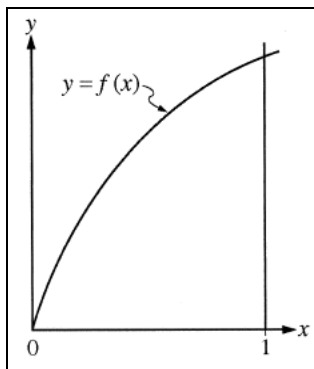
78. For $t \geq 0$ hours, H is a differentiable function of t that gives the temperature, in degrees Celsius, at an Arctic weather station. Which of the following is the best interpretation of $H'(24)$?

- (A) The change in temperature during the first day.
- (B) The change in temperature during the 24th hour.
- (C) The average rate at which the temperature changed during the 24th hour.
- (D) The rate at which the temperature is changing during the first day.
- (E) The rate at which the temperature is changing at the end of the 24th hour.

79. A spherical tank contains 81.637 gallons of water at time $t = 0$ minutes. For the next 6 minutes, water flows out of the tank at the rate of $9 \sin(\sqrt{t+1})$ gallons per minute. How many gallons of water are in the tank at the end of the 6 minutes?

- (A) 36.606
- (B) 45.031
- (C) 68.858
- (D) 77.355
- (E) 126.668

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80. A left Riemann sum, a right Riemann sum, and a trapezoid sum are used to approximate the value of $\int_0^1 f(x) dx$, each using the same number of subintervals. The graph of the function f is shown in the figure above. Which of the sums give an underestimate of the value of $\int_0^1 f(x) dx$?

- I. Left sum
- II. Right sum
- III. Trapezoidal sum

- (A) I only
- (B) II only
- (C) III only
- (D) I and III only
- (E) II and III only

81. The first derivative of the function f is given by $f'(x) = x - 4e^{-\sin(2x)}$. How many points of inflection does the graph of f have on the interval $0 < x < 2\pi$?

- (A) Three
- (B) Four
- (C) Five
- (D) Six
- (E) Seven

82. If f is a continuous function on the closed interval $[a, b]$, which of the following must be true?

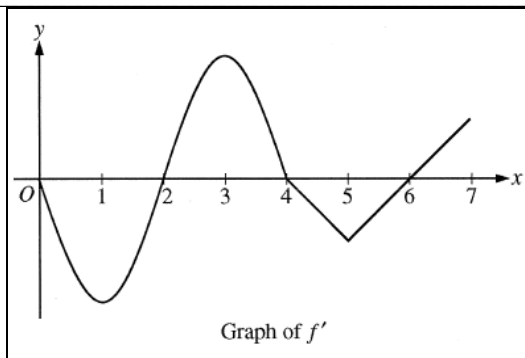
- (A) There is a number c in the open interval (a, b) such that $f(c) = 0$.
- (B) There is a number c in the open interval (a, b) such that $f(a) < f(c) < f(b)$.
- (C) There is a number c in the closed interval $[a, b]$ such that $f(c) \geq f(x)$ for all x in $[a, b]$.
- (D) There is a number c in the open interval (a, b) such that $f'(c) = 0$.
- (E) There is a number c in the open interval (a, b) such that $f'(c) = \frac{f(b) - f(a)}{b - a}$.

x	2.5	2.8	3.0	3.1
$f(x)$	31.25	39.2	45	48.05

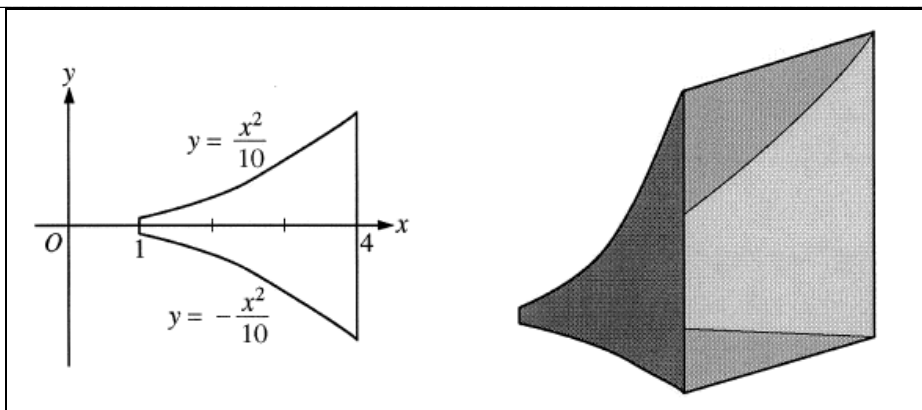
83. The function f is differentiable and has values as shown in the table above. Both f and f' are strictly increasing on the interval $0 \leq x \leq 5$. Which of the following could be the value of $f'(3)$?

- (A) 20
- (B) 27.5
- (C) 29
- (D) 30
- (E) 30.5

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84. The graph of f' , the derivative of the function f , is shown above. On which of the following intervals is f decreasing?
- (A) $[2,4]$ only
 (B) $[3,5]$ only
 (C) $[0,1]$ and $[3,5]$
 (D) $[2,4]$ and $[6,7]$
 (E) $[0,2]$ and $[4,6]$

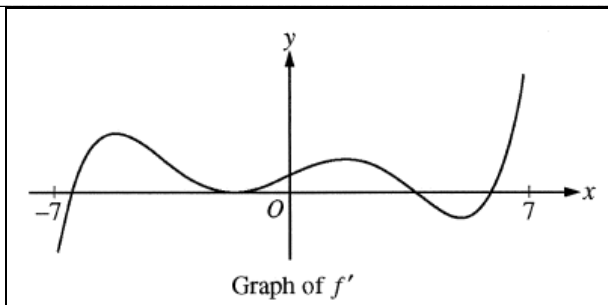


85. The base of a loudspeaker is determined by the two curves $y = \frac{x^2}{10}$ and $y = -\frac{x^2}{10}$ for $1 \leq x \leq 4$, as shown in the figure above. For this loudspeaker, the cross sections perpendicular to the x -axis are squares. What is the volume of the loudspeaker, in cubic units?
- (A) 2.046
 (B) 4.092
 (C) 4.200
 (D) 8.184
 (E) 25.711

x	3	4	5	6	7
$f(x)$	20	17	12	16	20

86. The function f is continuous and differentiable on the closed interval $[3,7]$. The table above gives selected values of f on this interval. Which of the following statements must be true?
- I. The minimum value of f on $[3,7]$ is 12.
 II. There exists c , for $3 < c < 7$, such that $f'(c) = 0$.
 III. $f'(x) > 0$ for $5 < x < 7$
- (A) I only
 (B) II only
 (C) III only
 (D) I and III only
 (E) I, II, and III

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87. The figure above shows the graph of f' , the derivative of the function f , on the open interval $-7 < x < 7$. If f' has four zeros on $-7 < x < 7$, how many relative maxima does f have on $-7 < x < 7$?

- (A) One
- (B) Two
- (C) Three
- (D) Four
- (E) Five

88. The rate at which water is sprayed on a field of vegetables is given by $R(t) = 2\sqrt{1+5t^3}$, where t is in minutes and $R(t)$ is in gallons per minute. During the time interval $0 \leq t \leq 4$, what is the average rate of water flow, in gallons per minute?

- (A) 8.458
- (B) 13.395
- (C) 14.691
- (D) 18.916
- (E) 35.833

x	$f(x)$	$f'(x)$	$g(x)$	$g'(x)$
1	3	-2	-3	4

89. The table above gives values of the differentiable functions f and g and their derivatives at $x = 1$. If $h(x) = (2f(x) + 3)(1 + g(x))$, then $h'(1) =$

- (A) -28
- (B) -16
- (C) 40
- (D) 44
- (E) 47

90. The functions f and g are differentiable, and $f(g(x)) = x$ for all x . If $f(3) = 8$ and $f'(3) = 9$, what are the values of $g(8)$ and $g'(8)$?

- (A) $g(8) = \frac{1}{3}$ and $g'(8) = -\frac{1}{9}$
- (B) $g(8) = \frac{1}{3}$ and $g'(8) = \frac{1}{9}$
- (C) $g(8) = 3$ and $g'(8) = -9$
- (D) $g(8) = 3$ and $g'(8) = -\frac{1}{9}$
- (E) $g(8) = 3$ and $g'(8) = \frac{1}{9}$

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91. A particle moves along the x -axis so that its velocity at any time $t \geq 0$ is given by $v(t) = 5te^{-t} - 1$. At $t = 0$, the particle is at position $x = 1$. What is the total distance traveled by the particle from $t = 0$ to $t = 4$?
- (A) 0.366
(B) 0.542
(C) 1.542
(D) 1.821
(E) 2.821
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92. Let f be the function with first derivative defined by $f'(x) = \sin(x^3)$ for $0 \leq x \leq 2$. At what value of x does f attain its maximum value on the closed interval $0 \leq x \leq 2$?
- (A) 0
(B) 1.162
(C) 1.465
(D) 1.845
(E) 2
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END OF SECTION I

**IF YOU FINISH BEFORE TIME IS CALLED, YOU MAY
CHECK YOUR WORK ON PART B ONLY.**

DO NOT GO ON TO SECTION II UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO.