

Find the only 10-digit number such that

1. The number is formed by the digits 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 0 each once.
2. For $n = 1$ to 10, the integer formed by first n numbers is divisible by n .

Solution:

We denote the integer formed by the digits a , b and c as abc.

Let the number be $X = \text{abcdefghij}$.

First of all, let us discover more properties of the digits.

1. Since X is divisible by 10, the last digit must be zero, i.e. $j = 0$. And the number abcde is divisible by 5, meaning that its last digit, e , is either 5 or 0. However, the digit j already holds 0. Hence $e = 5$.
2. Since the number ab is divisible by 2, b should be even. Similarly, the digits d , f and h (and j) are all even. The five even numbers are occupied, meaning that the digits a , c , e , g and i are odd.
3. Since the number abcd is divisible by 4, the number cd should also be divisible by 4. Similarly, since the number abcdefgh is divisible by 8, the number fgh should also be divisible by 8.
4. Observe that the number abc is divisible by 3. Hence $a+b+c$ is also divisible by 3. The number abcdef is divisible by 6, implying that it is divisible by 3. Hence $a+b+c+d+e+f$ is divisible by 3. Similarly, $a+b+c+d+e+f+g+h+i$ is divisible by 3. $d+e+f = (a+b+c+d+e+f) - (a+b+c)$; $g+h+i = (a+b+c+d+e+f+g+h+i) - (a+b+c+d+e+f)$. Both $d+e+f$ and $g+h+i$ are also divisible by 3.
5. For any three numbers x , y and z , if $x+y+z$ is divisible by 3, there are only two possibilities:
 - A) All the three numbers have the same remainder when divided by 3.
 - B) They all have different remainders when divided by 3.

Now we can find out the digits more easily.

6. Consider the number def. Since $d+e+f$ is divisible by 3, we now consider the above two cases A) and B)
 - A) d , e and f have the same remainder when divided by 3. $e = 5$. Hence there are only two possibilities: $d = 8, f = 2$ or $d = 2, f = 8$.
 - a) If $d = 8$ and $f = 2$ ($X = \text{abc852ghi0}$), the digit h can only be 4 or 6 (since it is even). g can be 1, 3, 7 or 9. If $h = 6$, fgh becomes 2g6. But notice that the number fgh is divisible by 8. Simple checking reveals that $g = 1$ or $g = 9$. But g cannot be 1. Why? Remember that the number ghi is divisible by 3. If $g = 1$, ghi becomes 16i and i must be 2, 5 or 8, which are

occupied by f, e and d respectively! If $g = 9$, ghi becomes 96i, and $i = 3$. X becomes a4c8529630. Sadly, the numbers 1478529 and 7418529 are both not divisible by 7. If $h = 4$, fgh becomes 2g4. However, none of the numbers 214, 234, 274 or 294 is divisible by 8.

b) If $d = 2$ and $f = 8$ ($X = \text{abc}258\text{ghi}0$), again the digit h can only be 4 or 6. If $h = 6$, fgh becomes 8g6. Checking reveals that $g = 1$ or 9. But g cannot be 1 (the reason is the same as above). If $g = 9$, $i = 3$. $X = \text{a4c}2589630$. But neither of the numbers 1472589 or 7412589 is divisible by 7. If $h = 4$, fgh becomes 8g4. However, none of the numbers 814, 834, 874 or 894 is divisible by 8.

B) $e (=5)$ has remainder 2 when divided by 3. Therefore, one of the digits d and f has remainder 1 when divided by 3 while the other is divisible by 3. Notice that both d and f are even. If one of them is divisible by 3, it must be 6 (in the numbers 1 to 10, only 6 is divisible by both 2 and 3). And $d+e+f$ is divisible by 3. If one of the digits d and f is 6, the other number (which is even) is 2, 4 or 8. But both $6+5+2 = 13$ and $6+5+8 = 19$ are not divisible by 3. Only $6+5+4 = 15$ is divisible. Hence the number is 4. So we conclude that the digits are 4 and 6.

7. We now decide which digit is 6 and which is 4. First, let's suppose $d = 4$ and $f = 6$. c is an odd integer. Remember that the number cd is divisible by 4. However, none of the numbers 14, 34, 74 or 94 is divisible by 4. So there is no number for poor c. We conclude that $d = 6$ and $f = 4$. $X = \text{abc}654\text{ghi}0$.

8. Notice that h is even. Hence $h = 2$ or $h = 8$. If $h = 8$, the number fgh becomes 4g8. g is an odd integer. Unfortunately, none of the numbers 418, 438, 478 or 498 is divisible by 8. This forces $h = 2$ and hence $b = 8$.

9. If $h = 2$, fgh becomes 4g2. Only 432 and 472 are divisible by 8. So $g = 3$ or 7. Remember that the number ghi is divisible by 3. Now ghi becomes either 32i or 72i. If $g = 3$, then $i = 1$ or 7. The remaining numbers go to a and c, and we get 4 sets of X: 1896543270, 9816543270, 9876543210 and 7896543210. We still have to check the final condition: the number abcdefg is divisible by 7. Sadly, none of the numbers 1896543, 9816543, 9876543 or 7896543 is divisible by 7. So $g = 7$.

10. Finally, if $g = 7$, then $i = 3$ or 9. We get another 4 sets of X: 1836547290, 3816547290, 1896547230 or 9816547230. By checking, of the 4 numbers 1836547, 3816547, 1896547 and 9816547, only the number 3816547 is divisible by 7. So we get the only X: 3816547290. Pretty easy, isn't it?

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