

PROMISE TO CONVERT THE NATIVES TO CATHOLIC

2. ON AUGUST 3, 1492, COLUMBUS SET SAIL WITH THREE SHIPS

3. ON OCT. 12 OF THE SAME YEAR HE LANDED ON SAN SALVADOR

A. BECAUSE HE REACHED THE INDIES HE CALLED THE NATIVES INDIANS

B. AFTER 3 MORE TRIPS, HE NEVER KNEW HE FOUND NEW LAND

4. AMERIGO VESPUCCI OF ITALY EXPLORED THE COAST AND BRAZIL AND NORTH AND SOUTH AMERICA WERE NAMED AFTER HIM

E. SPAIN AND PORTUGAL DIVIDED THE NEW WORLD WITH A LINE OF DEMARCATION (NORTH AND SOUTH)

1. FERDINAND MAGELLAN OF SPAIN WAS THE FIRST TO CIRCUMNAVIGATE AROUND THE WORLD

A. HE WAS KILLED IN A BATTLE IN THE PHILIPPINES BUT HIS SAILORS CONTINUED AND FINISHED THE TRIP

ENGLISH EXPLORATION

A. JOHN CABOT SAILED AROUND THE EAST COAST OF NORTH AMERICA AND CLAIMED IT FOR ENGLAND

B. KING HENRY VIII'S DAUGHTER ELIZABETH MADE ENGLAND A SEA POWER

1. FRANCIS DRAKE, JOHN HAWKINS AND WALTER RALEIGH BECAME SEA PIRATES UNDER HER RULE AND ROBBED ENEMY SHIPS (MAINLY SPANISH)

2. SPANISH KING PHILIP II BECAME ANGRY WITH THIS TACTIC AND PUT TOGETHER A FLEET OF 130 SHIPS CALLED THE SPANISH ARMADA TO ATTACK ENGLAND

A. SPAIN LOST DUE TO SLOW MOVING SHIPS AND BAD WEATHER THUS RELINQUISHING THE SEA TO ENGLAND

EUROPEANS EXPLORE THE GLOBE

- A. ITALIAN AND MUSLIM MONOPOLIES ON TRADE PROMPTED EXPLORATION TO FIND A NEW TRADE ROUTE TO THE EAST
- B. A RACE BEGINS TO FIND A NEW TRADE ROUTE

THE FALL OF CONSTANTINOPLE

- A. VENICE CONTROLLED TRADE FROM THE EASTERN MEDITERRANEAN TO THE BLACK SEA
- B. THE MUSLIMS CONTROLLED TRADE ROUTES BEYOND THE BLACK SEA
- C. THE MUSLIMS EVENTUALLY GAINED CONTROL OF CONSTANTINOPLE IN 1453

EUROPEANS LOOK TOWARD THE ATLANTIC

- A. SHIPS WERE NOT STRONG ENOUGH TO MAKE THE VOYAGE ACROSS THE ATLANTIC
 - 1. THE PORTUGUESE BUILT A SPECIAL TYPE OF SHIP CALLED A CARAVEL
 - A. LATEEN SAILS WERE AFFIXED TO THIS CRAFT
- B. NAVIGATION ALSO ASSISTED EXPLORERS
 - 1. THE COMPASS, ASTROLABE AND MUSLIM MAPS WERE USED

PORTUGAL AND SPAIN LEAD THE WAY

- A. PRINCE HENRY THE NAVIGATOR BEGAN A SCHOOL FOR NAVIGATORS
 - 1. HE HIRED THE BEST MAP MAKERS, SCIENTISTS AND SHIP DESIGNERS
- B. BART DIAS IN 1488 SAILED AROUND THE SOUTHERN TIP OF AFRICA AND ENTERED THE INDIAN OCEAN
 - 1. ON THIS VOYAGE HIS CREW ADVISED HIM TO TURN BACK
- C. IN 1498 VASCO DA GAMA SAILED TO INDIA AND CAME BACK WITH INDIAN SPICES AND JEWELS
- D. CHRISTOPHER COLUMBUS FELT HE COULD REACH ASIA BY SAILING WEST ACROSS THE ATLANTIC. COLUMBUS TALKED TO ISABELLA AND FERDINAND AND WAS FUNDED TO MAKE THE VOYAGE
 - 1. THEY FUNDED THE EXPEDITION BECAUSE OF RICHES AND THE