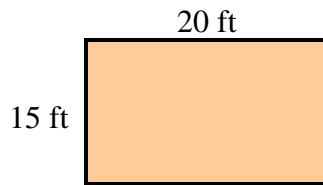


## THINKING WITH MATHEMATICAL MODELS

INV 1 – ACE # 9, 10 pg. 16-17

9.) Below is a drawing of a rectangle with an **area** of 300 square feet.



$A = L \times W$
$A = 20 (15)$
$A = 300 \text{ ft}^2$

a) Draw three more rectangles. Label the dimensions so that they each have an **area** of  $300 \text{ ft}^2$ .

b) What is the width of a rectangle with an area of  $300 \text{ ft}^2$  if its length is...

1 foot?

2 feet?

3 feet?

c) What is the width of a rectangle with an area of  $300 \text{ ft}^2$  if its length is  $L$  feet? (hint: write it as an equation)

d) How does the width of a rectangle change if the length increases, but the area remains  $300 \text{ ft}^2$ ?

## THINKING WITH MATHEMATICAL MODELS

INV 1 – ACE # 9, 10 pg. 16-17 continued

10.) The rectangle pictured in problem 9 has a perimeter of 70 feet.

$P = 2L + 2W$	or	$P = 2(L + W)$
$P = 2(20) + 2(15)$		$P = 2(20 + 15)$
$P = 40 + 30$		$P = 2(35)$
$P = 70 \text{ ft}$		$P = 70 \text{ ft}$

a) Make drawings of at least three other rectangles with a **perimeter** of 70 feet.

b) What is the width of a rectangle with a perimeter of 70 ft if its length is...

1 foot?

2 feet?

$L$  feet? (hint: equation)

c) What is the width of a rectangle with a perimeter of 70 ft if its length is...

$\frac{1}{2}$  foot?

$1 \frac{1}{2}$  foot?

d) Suppose the length of a rectangle increases, but the perimeter remains at 70 feet. Describe how the width changes.