

Additional Mathematics Exercise 16 Answers

(Applications of Differentiation to Practical Problems)

- (a) $y = 10 - x$ (b) 5
- (a) – (b) $8\sqrt{15}$ cm
- (a) $(400 - 2\pi r^2)$ m² (b) $x = 100$, $r = \frac{100}{\pi}$
- (a) $S^2 = b^2 + b + 1$ (b) $\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, -\frac{1}{2}\right), \left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, -\frac{1}{2}\right)$
- (a) $\left(2\sin\theta - \frac{1}{2}\theta\right)$ cm² (b) 1.32
- (a) – (b) 66.2° (c) $\frac{3}{20}$
- (a) – (b) $5\sqrt{6}$
- (a) $CD = (200\sec\theta)$ m, $AD = (1000 - 200\tan\theta)$ m
(b) $y = 200\sec\theta - \frac{200}{3}\tan\theta + \frac{1000}{3}$
(c) 521.90 s
- (a) 40 (b) – (c) $60\sqrt{5}$ m
- (a) velocity = -9 , acceleration = -6
(b) when $t = 1$, $x = 0$; when $t = 5$, $x = -32$
- $\frac{1}{48\pi}$ m/min
- (a) $V = \frac{1}{6\sqrt{\pi}} A^{\frac{3}{2}}$ (b) $\sqrt{12}$ cm³s⁻¹
- (a) $\frac{1}{9\pi}$ cm s⁻¹ (b) $\frac{2\sqrt{5}}{3}$ cm² s⁻¹
- increasing at $\frac{4}{145}$ rad s⁻¹
- (a) 0.64 m s⁻¹ (b) $\frac{1}{6}$ rad s⁻¹
- (a) – (b) $\frac{40}{9}$ m s⁻¹ (towards the lamp)
(c) 4 m