

**זהויות ונוסחאות טריגונומטריות ( באדיבות – דן ורד )**

<p align="center"><b><u>זהויות יסוד - 2</u></b></p> $1 + \tan^2 \alpha = \frac{1}{\cos^2 \alpha}$ $1 + \cot^2 \alpha = \frac{1}{\sin^2 \alpha}$ $\tan \alpha \cdot \cot \alpha = 1$	<p align="center"><b><u>נוסחאות יסוד - 1</u></b></p> $\sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = 1$ $\tan \alpha = \frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha}$ $\cot \alpha = \frac{\cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha}$																														
<p align="center"><b><u>מעברים 1-</u></b></p> $\sin(90 - \alpha) = \cos \alpha$ $\cos(90 - \alpha) = \sin \alpha$ $\tan(90 - \alpha) = \cot \alpha$ $\cot(90 - \alpha) = \tan \alpha$	<p align="center"><b><u>זוויות שליליות</u></b></p> $\sin(-\alpha) = -\sin \alpha$ $\cos(-\alpha) = \cos \alpha$ $\tan(-\alpha) = -\tan \alpha$ $\cot(-\alpha) = -\cot(\alpha)$																														
<p align="center"><b><u>מעברים 3 -</u></b></p> $\sin(180 + \alpha) = -\sin \alpha$ $\cos(180 + \alpha) = -\cos \alpha$ $\tan(180 + \alpha) = \tan \alpha$ $\cot(180 + \alpha) = \cot \alpha$	<p align="center"><b><u>מעברים 2 -</u></b></p> $\sin(180 - \alpha) = \sin \alpha$ $\cos(180 - \alpha) = -\cos \alpha$ $\tan(180 - \alpha) = -\tan \alpha$ $\cot(180 - \alpha) = -\cot \alpha$																														
<p align="center"><b><u>נוסחאות לסכום והפרש פונקציות</u></b></p> $\sin \alpha + \sin \beta = 2 \sin \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} \cdot \cos \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}$ $\sin \alpha - \sin \beta = 2 \sin \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2} \cdot \cos \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2}$ $\cos \alpha + \cos \beta = 2 \cos \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} \cdot \cos \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}$ $\cos \alpha - \cos \beta = -2 \sin \frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} \cdot \sin \frac{\alpha - \beta}{2}$	<p align="center"><b><u>נוסחאות לסכום והפרש זוויות</u></b></p> $\sin(\alpha \pm \beta) = \sin \alpha \cdot \cos \beta \pm \sin \beta \cdot \cos \alpha$ $\cos(\alpha \pm \beta) = \cos \alpha \cdot \cos \beta \mp \sin \alpha \cdot \sin \beta$ $\tan(\alpha \pm \beta) = \frac{\tan \alpha \pm \tan \beta}{1 \mp \tan \alpha \cdot \tan \beta}$ $\cot(\alpha \pm \beta) = \frac{\cot \alpha \cdot \cot \beta \mp 1}{\cot \alpha \pm \cot \beta}$																														
<p align="center"><b><u>זווית כפולה</u></b></p> $\sin 2\alpha = 2 \sin \alpha \cdot \cos \alpha$ $\cos 2\alpha = \cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha$ $\cos 2\alpha = 2 \cos^2 \alpha - 1$ $\cos 2\alpha = 1 - 2 \sin^2 \alpha$ $\tan 2\alpha = \frac{2 \tan \alpha}{1 - \tan^2 \alpha}$	<p align="center"><b><u>ערכי זוויות מיוחדות</u></b></p> <table border="1" style="width:100%; border-collapse: collapse; text-align: center;"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>0°</th> <th>30°</th> <th>45°</th> <th>60°</th> <th>90°</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>sin</td> <td>0</td> <td><math>\frac{1}{2}</math></td> <td><math>\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}</math></td> <td><math>\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}</math></td> <td>1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>cos</td> <td>1</td> <td><math>\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}</math></td> <td><math>\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}</math></td> <td><math>\frac{1}{2}</math></td> <td>0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>tan</td> <td>0</td> <td><math>\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}</math></td> <td>1</td> <td><math>\sqrt{3}</math></td> <td>לא מוגדר</td> </tr> <tr> <td>cot</td> <td>לא מוגדר</td> <td><math>\sqrt{3}</math></td> <td>1</td> <td><math>\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}</math></td> <td>0</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		0°	30°	45°	60°	90°	sin	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	1	cos	1	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	tan	0	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$	1	$\sqrt{3}$	לא מוגדר	cot	לא מוגדר	$\sqrt{3}$	1	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$	0
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<p align="center"><b><u>משוואות טריגונומטריות</u></b></p> <table border="1" style="width:100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th><u>משוואה</u></th> <th><u>פתרון</u></th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><math>\sin x = \sin \alpha</math></td> <td><math>x = 360k + \alpha</math> <math>x = 360k + (180 - \alpha)</math></td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>\sin x = 0</math> <math>\tan x = 0</math></td> <td><math>x = 180k</math></td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>\cos x = \cos \alpha</math></td> <td><math>x = 360k \pm \alpha</math></td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>\cos x = 0</math> <math>\cot x = 0</math></td> <td><math>x = 180k + 90</math></td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>\tan x = \tan \alpha</math> <math>\cot x = \cot \alpha</math></td> <td><math>x = 180k + \alpha</math></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	<u>משוואה</u>	<u>פתרון</u>	$\sin x = \sin \alpha$	$x = 360k + \alpha$ $x = 360k + (180 - \alpha)$	$\sin x = 0$ $\tan x = 0$	$x = 180k$	$\cos x = \cos \alpha$	$x = 360k \pm \alpha$	$\cos x = 0$ $\cot x = 0$	$x = 180k + 90$	$\tan x = \tan \alpha$ $\cot x = \cot \alpha$	$x = 180k + \alpha$																			
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