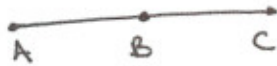


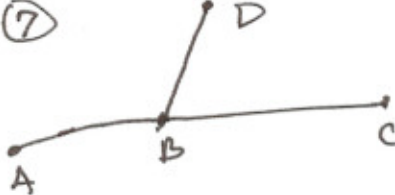
Name \_\_\_\_\_

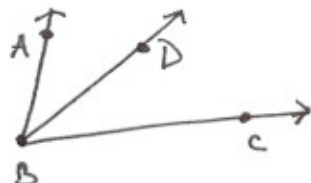
Due Date \_\_\_\_\_


Block \_\_\_\_\_


Intro to Proofs Practice Test #2.1

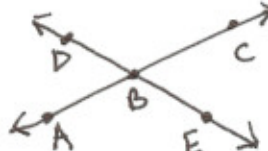
★ ①   
 Given: B is midpoint of  $\overline{AC}$   
 Prove:  $\overline{BC} \cong \overline{AB}$

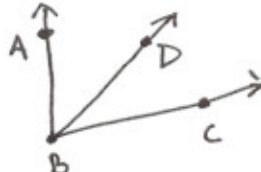
★★ ⑦   
 Given:  $\overline{DB}$  bisects  $\overline{AC}$   
 $AB = 4$   
 Prove:  $BC = 4$

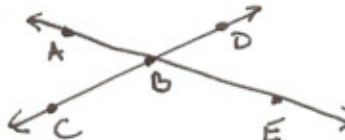
★ ②   
 Given:  $\overrightarrow{BD}$  bisects  $\angle ABC$   
 Prove:  $m\angle ABD = m\angle DBC$

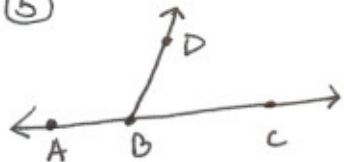
★★ ⑧   
 Given: B is midpoint of  $\overline{AC}$   
 $AB = 3$   
 Prove:  $BC = 3$

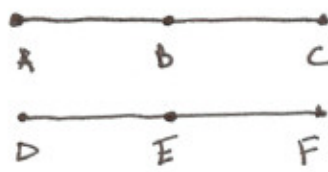
★★ ③   
 Given: B is midpoint of  $\overline{AC}$   
 $AB = 4$   
 Prove:  $AC = 8$

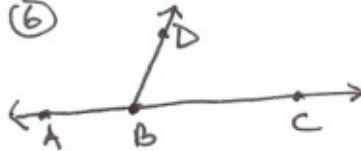
★★ ⑨   
 Given:  $m\angle ABD = 40^\circ$   
 Prove:  $m\angle CBE = 40^\circ$

★★ ④   
 Given:  $m\angle ABD = 40^\circ$   
 $m\angle DBC = 40^\circ$   
 Prove:  $\overrightarrow{BD}$  bisects  $\angle ABC$

★ ⑩   
 Given: None  
 Prove:  $m\angle ABC = m\angle DBE$

★★ ⑤   
 Given:  $m\angle ABD = 110^\circ$   
 Prove:  $m\angle DBC = 70^\circ$

★★ ⑪   
 Given: B is midpoint of  $\overline{AC}$   
 E is midpoint of  $\overline{DF}$   
 $BC = DE$   
 Prove:  $\overline{AC} \cong \overline{DF}$

★ ⑥   
 Given: None  
 Prove:  $180^\circ = m\angle ABD + m\angle DBC$