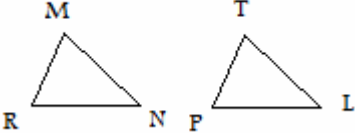
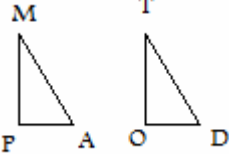
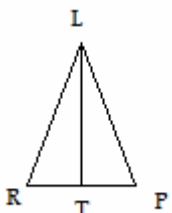
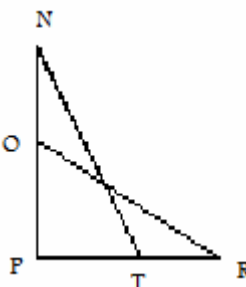
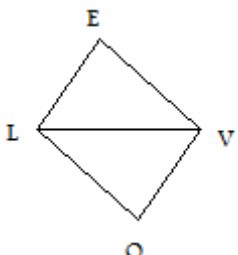
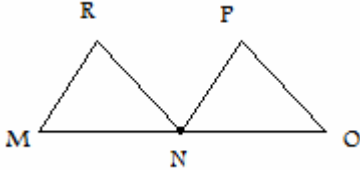


Name \_\_\_\_\_

Due Date \_\_\_\_\_

Block \_\_\_\_\_

Shapes and Angle Relationships Practice Test #1.2

<p>1. ☆</p>  <p>Given: <math>MR = PL</math>  <math>MN = TP</math>  <math>RN = TL</math>          Prove: <math>\angle RMN \cong \angle TPL</math></p>	<p>2. ☆☆</p>  <p>Given: <math>\overline{MP} \cong \overline{TO}</math>  <math>\overline{PA} \cong \overline{OD}</math>  <math>\angle MPA</math> is a right angle  <math>\angle TOD</math> is a right angle          Prove: <math>\overline{MA} \cong \overline{TD}</math></p>
<p>3. ☆☆☆</p>  <p>Given: <math>\overline{LT} \perp \overline{RP}</math>  <math>\overline{LT}</math> bisects <math>\overline{RP}</math>          Prove: <math>\angle LRT \cong \angle LPT</math></p>	<p>4. ☆☆</p>  <p>Given: <math>\overline{PN} \cong \overline{PR}</math>  <math>\overline{PO} \cong \overline{PT}</math>          Prove: <math>\angle PNT \cong \angle ORP</math></p>
<p>5. ☆☆</p>  <p>Given: <math>\overline{LE} \cong \overline{LO}</math>  <math>\overline{EV} \cong \overline{VO}</math>          Prove: <math>\angle ELV \cong \angle VLO</math></p>	<p>6. ☆☆</p>  <p>Given: <math>N</math> is the midpoint of <math>\overline{MO}</math>  <math>\angle RNM \cong \angle PNO</math>  <math>\overline{RN} \cong \overline{PN}</math>          Prove: <math>\overline{RM} \cong \overline{PO}</math></p>

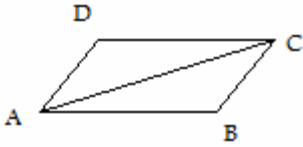
Name \_\_\_\_\_

Due Date \_\_\_\_\_

Block \_\_\_\_\_

Shapes and Angle Relationships Practice Test #1.2

7. ☆☆☆

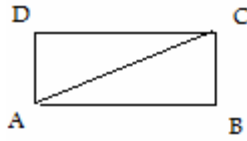


Given:  $\overline{AD} \parallel \overline{BC}$

$\overline{AB} \parallel \overline{CD}$

Prove:  $\overline{AD} \cong \overline{BC}$

8. ☆☆

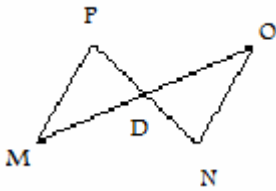


Given:  $\overline{AD} \cong \overline{BC}$

$\overline{CD} \cong \overline{AB}$

Prove:  $\angle DCA \cong \angle CAB$

9. ☆☆☆

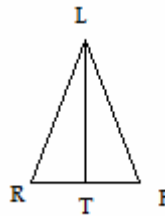


Given: D is the midpoint of  $\overline{PN}$

$\overline{MP} \parallel \overline{ON}$

Prove:  $\overline{MP} \cong \overline{ON}$

10. ☆☆☆



Given:  $\overline{LT}$  is the  $\perp$  bisector of  $\overline{RP}$

Prove:  $\angle LRT \cong \angle LPT$