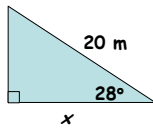


# What's my Ratio?

So, if our triangle has an angle equal to  $30^\circ$ , the ratios will be the same as those in our triangle.

Ex. Find the value of  $x$ .



We can't solve this because we don't have the ratios for a  $28^\circ$  angle. Our calculator is programmed with the ratios for all angles but they are not labeled as opposite/hypotenuse or adjacent/hypotenuse or opposite/adjacent. They have special names.

The special names of the ratios:

$$\text{tan gent}(\text{of an angle}) = \frac{\text{opposite}}{\text{adjacent}}$$

$$\text{sin e}(\text{of an angle}) = \frac{\text{opposite}}{\text{hypotenuse}}$$

$$\text{cos ine}(\text{of an angle}) = \frac{\text{adjacent}}{\text{hypotenuse}}$$

Its easier to remember them by using the first letters of adjacent, opposite and hypotenuse.

$$\tan(\text{of an angle}) = \frac{o}{a}$$

$$\sin(\text{of an angle}) = \frac{o}{h}$$

$$\cos(\text{of an angle}) = \frac{a}{h}$$

There is a memory tool that helps us remember this.

**SOH CAH TOA**