

1. Create a Vite + React Project

Step 1: Install Node.js

Make sure Node.js is installed:

```
node -v  
npm -v
```

Step 2: Create Vite project

Run:

```
npm create vite@latest myweb
```

select framework React (using down arrow button) as shown below

```
D:\react-warm-up>npm create vite@latest myweb  
  
> npx  
> create-vite myweb  
  
|  
* Select a framework:  
|  Vanilla  
|  Vue  
| > React  
|  Preact  
|  Lit  
|  Svelte  
|  Solid  
|  Ember  
|  Qwik  
|  Angular  
|  Marko  
|  Others
```

And select Variant as Javascript (using Down arrow button) as shown below.

```
D:\react-warm-up>npm create vite@latest myweb

> npx
> create-vite myweb

|
o Select a framework:
| React
|
* Select a variant:
| TypeScript
| TypeScript + React Compiler
> JavaScript
| JavaScript + React Compiler
| RSC
| React Router v7 https://reactrouter.com
| TanStack Router https://tanstack.com/router
| RedwoodSDK https://rwsdk.com
| Vike https://vike.dev
|
```

And after it press yes as shown below for install with npm and start now :-

```
D:\react-warm-up>npm create vite@latest myweb

> npx
> create-vite myweb

|
o Select a framework:
| React
|
o Select a variant:
| JavaScript
|
* Install with npm and start now?
| > Yes / No
|
```

Your app will run at:

<http://localhost:5173>

Note to run your app:-

```
cd myweb
```

```
npm run dev
```

2. Install React Router (for 2 pages)

We need routing to create multiple pages:

```
npm install react-router-dom
```

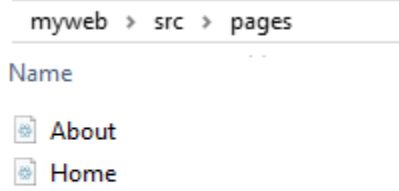
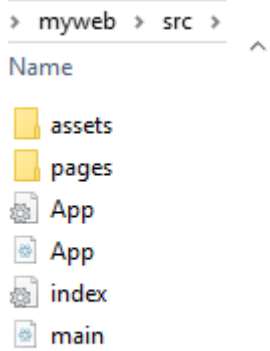
```
D:\react-warm-up\myweb>npm install react-router-dom
added 4 packages, and audited 156 packages in 2s
37 packages are looking for funding
  run `npm fund` for details
found 0 vulnerabilities
D:\react-warm-up\myweb>npm run dev
```

3. Project Structure (important)

Inside `src/`:

```
src/  
├── pages/  
│   ├── Home.jsx  
│   └── About.jsx  
├── App.jsx  
└── main.jsx
```

as shown below project structure :-



4. Setup Router in `main.jsx`

Edit `src/main.jsx`:

```
import React from 'react'
import ReactDOM from 'react-dom/client'
import App from './App.jsx'
import { BrowserRouter } from 'react-router-dom'

ReactDOM.createRoot(document.getElementById('root')).render(
  <BrowserRouter>
    <App />
  </BrowserRouter>
)
```

5. Create Pages

`src/pages/Home.jsx`

```
import { Link } from "react-router-dom";

function Home() {
  return (
    <div>
      <h1>Home Page</h1>
      <p>Welcome to the Home page</p>
      <Link to="/about">Go to About Page</Link>
    </div>
  );
}

export default Home;
```

src/pages/About.jsx

```
import { Link } from "react-router-dom";

function About() {
  return (
    <div>
      <h1>About Page</h1>
      <p>This is the About page</p>
      <Link to="/">Go to Home</Link>
    </div>
  );
}

export default About;
```

6. Setup Routes in App.jsx

Edit src/App.jsx:

```
import { Routes, Route } from "react-router-dom";
import Home from "../pages/Home";
import About from "../pages/About";

function App() {
  return (
    <Routes>
      <Route path="/" element={<Home />} />
      <Route path="/about" element={<About />} />
    </Routes>
  );
}

export default App;
```

Run Command:-

npm run dev

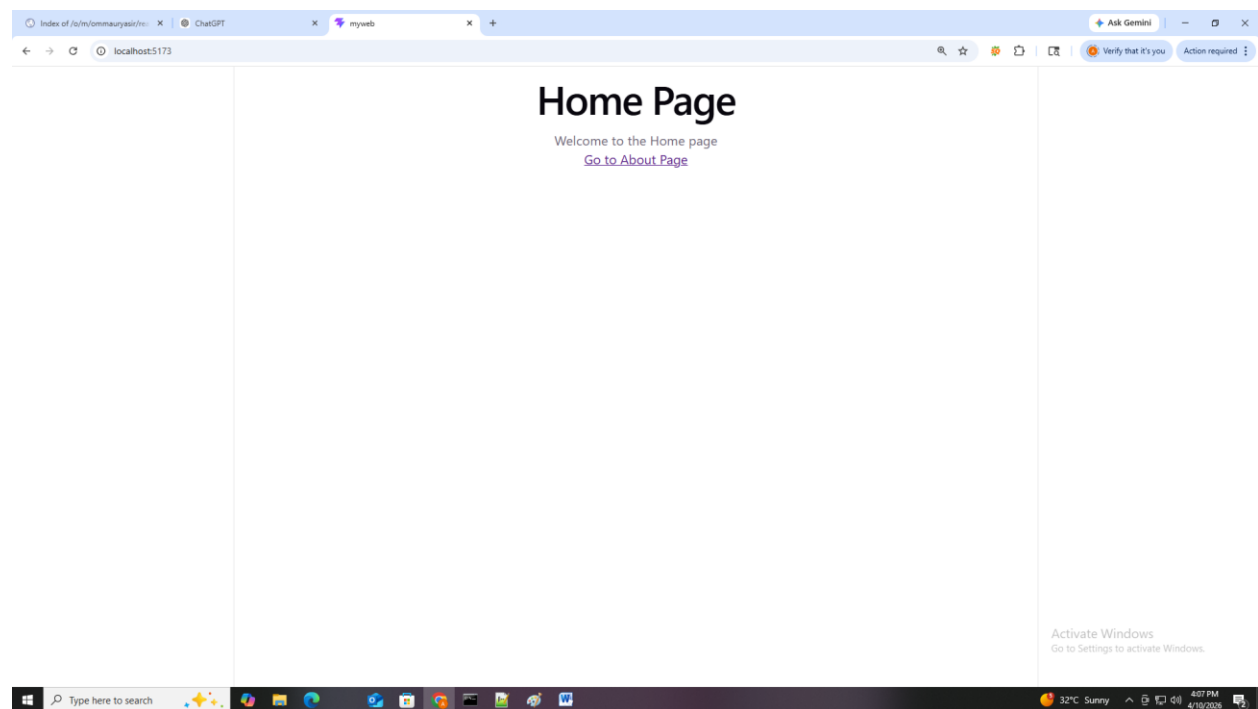
and see Output just visit <http://localhost:5173/> :-

```
D:\react-warm-up\myweb>npm run dev
> myweb@0.0.0 dev
> vite

4:00:24 PM [vite] (client) Re-optimizing dependencies because lockfile has changed

VITE v8.0.8 ready in 394 ms

  Local:   http://localhost:5173/
  Network: use --host to expose
  press h + enter to show help
4:02:14 PM [vite] (client) page reload src/main.jsx
```



The screenshot shows a web browser window with the address bar set to localhost:5173. The page content includes a heading 'Home Page', a sub-heading 'Welcome to the Home page', and a link 'Go to About Page'. The browser interface includes a search bar, navigation buttons, and a taskbar at the bottom showing the system time as 4:07 PM on 4/19/2026.

□ What are React Props?

Props (short for “properties”) are used in React to **pass data from one component to another (parent → child)**.

Think of props like:

- “arguments you send to a function”

Here’s the **modern React props way (clean + commonly used today)**

We use:

- **destructuring in function parameters**
- **arrow function components (optional but modern)**
- **clean JSX**

□ 1. Child Component (Modern Way)

User.jsx

```
const User = ({ name, handleClick }) => {
  return (
    <div>
      <h2>Name: {name}</h2>

      <button onClick={handleClick}>
        Click Me
      </button>
    </div>
  );
};

export default User;
```

□ 2. Parent Component

App.jsx

```
import User from "./User";

const App = () => {
  const handleClick = () => {
    alert("Button clicked!");
  };

  return (
    <div>
      <h1>Modern Props Example</h1>

      <User
        name="John Doe"
        handleClick={handleClick}
      />
    </div>
  );
};

export default App;
```

□ What is “modern” here?

- ✓ Destructuring props directly:

```
({ name, handleClick })
```

- ✓ Arrow function components:

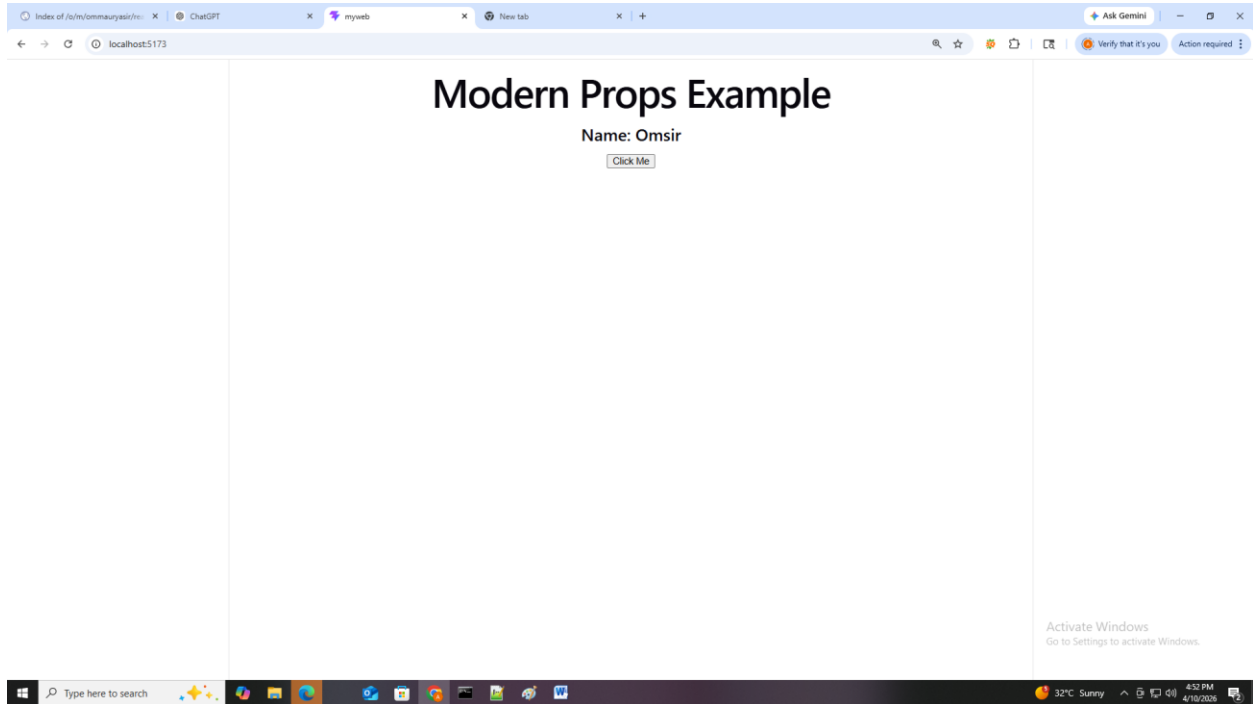
```
const User = () => {}
```

- ✓ Cleaner and widely used in real projects (React + Vite + Next.js)

Output:-

```
cd myweb
```

```
npm run dev
```



What is `useState`?

□ `useState` is a React Hook used to **store and update data (state)** inside a component.

□ Simple Example (Counter)

`App.jsx`

```
import { useState } from "react";

const App = () => {
  const [count, setCount] = useState(0);

  return (
    <div>
      <h1>Counter App</h1>

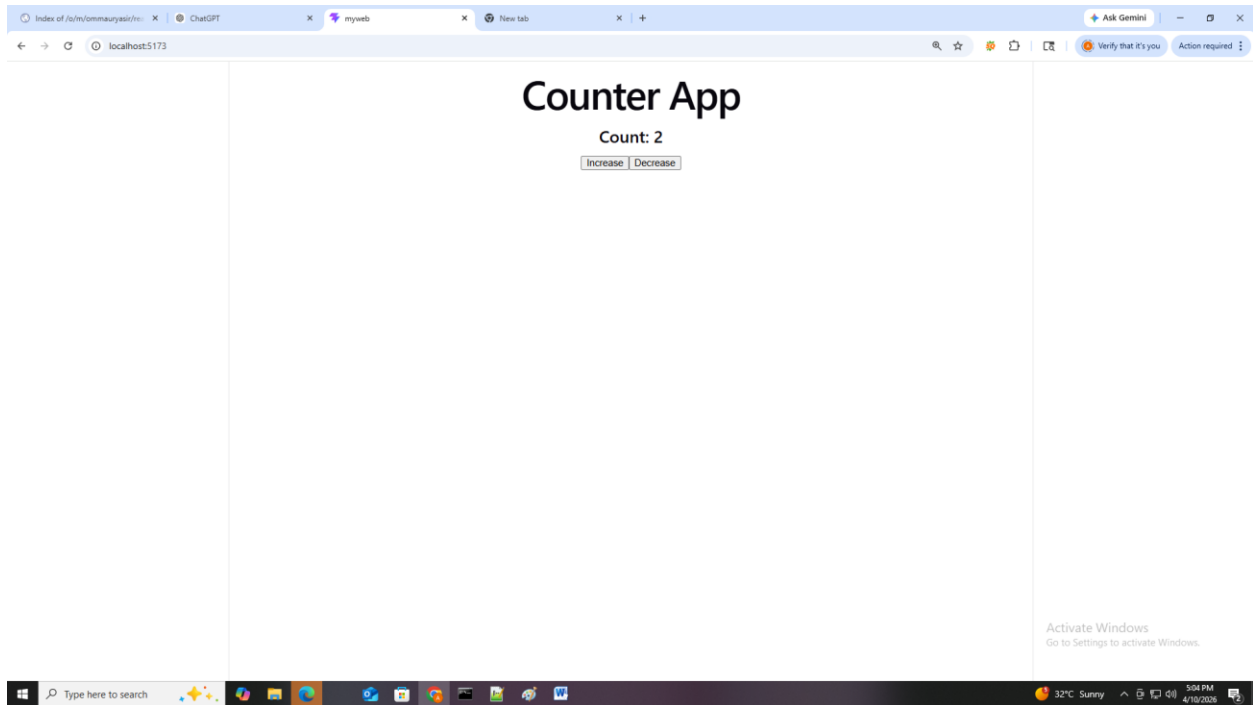
      <h2>Count: {count}</h2>

      <button onClick={() => setCount(count + 1)}>
        Increase
      </button>

      <button onClick={() => setCount(count - 1)}>
        Decrease
      </button>
    </div>
  );
};

export default App;
```

Output:-



Line-by-line explanation

1 Import useState

```
import { useState } from "react";
```

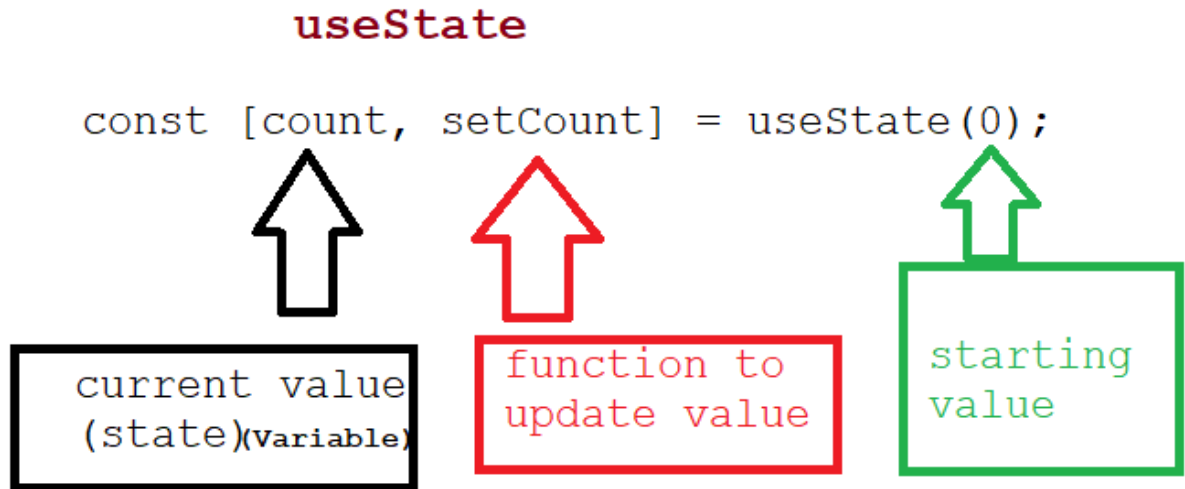
We bring useState from React

2 Create state

```
const [count, setCount] = useState(0);
```

Meaning:

- `count` → current value (state)
- `setCount` → function to update value
- `0` → initial value (starting value)



3 Show state in UI

```
<h2>Count: {count}</h2>
```

- Displays current value
-

4 Update state

```
setCount(count + 1)
```

- Increases value and re-renders UI automatically
-

What happens when you click button?

1. Click button
2. `setCount()` runs

3. React updates value
 4. UI refreshes automatically ☑
-

☐ Simple meaning

☐ `useState` = “memory inside component that updates UI when changed”

Here's a **simple React form with BOTH live preview + submit button** ?

Form with Live Preview + Submit

App.jsx

```
import { useState } from "react";

const App = () => {
  const [formData, setFormData] = useState({
    name: "",
    city: ""
  });

  const [submittedData, setSubmittedData] = useState(null);

  const handleChange = (e) => {
    const { name, value } = e.target;

    setFormData((prev) => ({
      ...prev,
      [name]: value
    }));
  };

  const handleSubmit = (e) => {
    e.preventDefault();
    setSubmittedData(formData);
  };

  return (
    <div>
      <h1>Form with Preview + Submit</h1>

      { /* Form */ }
      <form onSubmit={handleSubmit}>
        <input
          type="text"
          name="name"
          placeholder="Enter name"
          value={formData.name}
          onChange={handleChange}
        />

        <br /><br />

        <input
          type="text"
          name="city"
          placeholder="Enter city"
          value={formData.city}
          onChange={handleChange}
        />
      </form>
    </div>
  );
};
```

```

    />

    <br /><br />

    <button type="submit">Submit</button>
  </form>

  <hr />

  {/* Live Preview */}
  <h2>Live Preview 


---



```

OUTPUT:-

Form with Preview + Submit

om sir

virar

Submit

Live Preview 🗿

Name: om sir

City: virar

Submitted Data 🗿

Name: om sir

City: virar

Activate Windows
Go to Settings to activate Windows.

How it works

1. Typing in input

- Updates `formData`
 - Shows **live preview immediately**
-

2. Live Preview section

```
formData.name  
formData.city
```

- Always shows current typing
-

3. Submit button clicked

```
setSubmittedData(formData);
```

- Saves current form data into another state
-

4. Submitted data section

```
submittedData ? show data : "No data"
```

- Only updates when user clicks Submit
-

Final Behavior

While typing:

Live Preview updates instantly

After clicking Submit:

Submitted Data section updates

Key Concept

- ✓ `formData` → live typing state
- ✓ `submittedData` → saved final data

Here is a **simple line-by-line explanation** of your React code [?](#)

1. Import `useState`

```
import { useState } from "react";
```

- Brings `useState` hook from React
 - Used to store and update data inside the component
-

2. Create Component

```
const App = () => {
```

- This is a **React functional component** named `App`
 - Arrow function style
-

3. First state (form data)

```
const [formData, setFormData] = useState({  
  name: "",  
  city: ""  
});
```

- Creates state object for form inputs

Meaning:

- formData → current values
- setFormData → function to update values
- Initial state:

```
{ name: "", city: "" }
```

4. Second state (submitted data)

```
const [submittedData, setSubmittedData] = useState(null);
```

- Stores data AFTER submit
 - Starts as null (nothing submitted yet)
-

5. handleChange function

```
const handleChange = (e) => {
```

- Runs when user types in input
-

```
const { name, value } = e.target;
```

- Extracts:
 - name → input field name ("name" or "city")
 - value → typed text
-

```
setFormData((prev) => ({  
  ...prev,  
  [name]: value  
}));
```

- Updates state safely

Meaning:

- `prev` → previous state (old data)
- `...prev` → copy old data from previous state
- `[name]` → dynamically update correct field
- `value` → new typed value

✓ If typing in "city", only city updates

6. handleSubmit function

```
const handleSubmit = (e) => {
```

Runs when form is submitted

```
e.preventDefault();
```

Stops page reload (default HTML behavior)

```
setSubmittedData(formData);
```

Saves current form data into `submittedData`

7. return (UI section)

```
return (
```

Everything inside is what appears on screen (JSX)

8. Main container

```
<div>
```

- Wrapper for all elements
-

9. Heading

```
<h1>Form with Preview + Submit</h1>
```

- Title of the page
-

10. Form start

```
<form onSubmit={handleSubmit}>
```

- Form element
 - When submitted → calls `handleSubmit`
-

11. Name input

```
<input
  type="text"
  name="name"
  placeholder="Enter name"
  value={formData.name}
  onChange={handleChange}
/>
```

Meaning:

- `type="text"` → text input
 - `name="name"` → key in state object
 - `value={formData.name}` → controlled input
 - `onChange` → updates state when typing
-

12. City input

```
<input
  type="text"
  name="city"
  placeholder="Enter city"
  value={formData.city}
  onChange={handleChange}
/>
```

- Same logic as name input
 - Updates `city` in state
-

13. Submit button

```
<button type="submit">Submit</button>
```

- Submits the form
 - Triggers `handleSubmit`
-

14. Horizontal line

```
<hr />
```

- Just a visual separator
-

15. Live Preview

```
<p><b>Name:</b> {formData.name}</p>
<p><b>City:</b> {formData.city}</p>
```

- Shows real-time typing from `formData`
-

16. Submitted section title

`<h2>Submitted Data </h2>`

- Heading for submitted result
-

17. Conditional rendering

`{submittedData ? (`

- If data exists → show it
 - If not → show fallback text
-

18. Show submitted data

```
<>
  <p><b>Name:</b> {submittedData.name}</p>
  <p><b>City:</b> {submittedData.city}</p>
</>
```

- Displays saved data after submit
-

19. Else case

```
) : (
  <p>No data submitted yet</p>
)}
```

- If nothing submitted → show message
-

20. Close component

```
);
};
```

```
export default App;
```

- Ends component
- `export default` allows usage in other files

□ FINAL SUMMARY

This code does 3 things:

- ✓ Takes input (name + city)
- ✓ Shows live preview while typing
- ✓ Stores data after submit