

React js and django backend connectivity code notes step by step :-

React js Frontendapi :-

Step 1:

Setting up the project First, let's create a new React app.

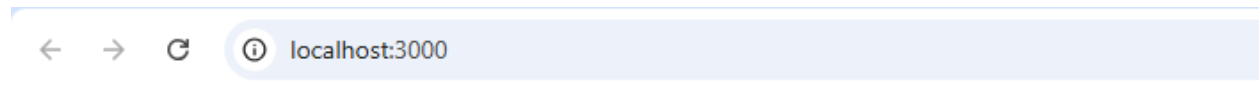
If you haven't already set up React, you can create a new project with the following commands:

Cmd(terminal) command to type :-

```
npx create-react-app frontendapi
```

```
cd frontendapi
```

```
npm start
```



Task Manager

raj learning course Completed

Task List

django course

✗ Not Completed

raj learning course

✓ Completed

Step 2:-

TaskList.js with Insert, Update, and Delete:-

```
import { useState, useEffect } from "react";
import axios from "axios";

const API_URL = "http://localhost:8000/api/tasks/";

const TaskList = () => {
  const [data, setData] = useState([]);
  const [task, setTask] = useState({ title: "", completed: false });
  const [editingId, setEditingId] = useState(null);

  useEffect(() => {
    getTasks();
  }, []);

  const getTasks = () => {
    axios.get(API_URL).then((response) => {
      setData(response.data);
    });
  };

  const handleChange = (e) => {
    const { name, value } = e.target;
    setTask((prev) => ({
      ...prev,
      [name]: name === "completed" ? value === "true" : value,
    }));
  };

  const handleSubmit = (e) => {
    e.preventDefault();

    if (editingId !== null) {
      // Update
      axios.put(`${API_URL}${editingId}/`, task).then(() => {
        setTask({ title: "", completed: false });
        setEditingId(null);
        getTasks();
      });
    }
  };
};
```

```

    });
  } else {
    // Create
    axios.post(API_URL, task).then(() => {
      setTask({ title: "", completed: false });
      getTasks();
    });
  }
};

const handleEdit = (item) => {
  setTask({ title: item.title, completed: item.completed });
  setEditingId(item.id);
};

const handleDelete = (id) => {
  axios.delete(`${API_URL}${id}/`).then(() => {
    getTasks();
  });
};

return (
  <>
    <h1>Task Manager</h1>

    <form onSubmit={handleSubmit}>
      <input
        name="title"
        value={task.title}
        onChange={handleChange}
        placeholder="Title"
        required
      />
      <select
        name="completed"
        value={task.completed}
        onChange={handleChange}
      >
        <option value={false}>Not Completed</option>
        <option value={true}>Completed</option>
      </select>
      <button type="submit">{editingId ? "Update" : "Add"} Task</button>
    </form>

    <h2>Task List</h2>
    <ul>
      {data &&
        data.map((item) => (

```

```

    <div className="row" key={item.id}>
      <div className="col-sm-3">
        <h3>{item.title}</h3>
        <p>{item.completed ? "☑ Completed": "☐ Not Completed}</p>
        <button onClick={() => handleEdit(item)}>Edit</button>
        <button onClick={() => handleDelete(item.id)}>Delete</button>
      </div>
    </div>
  )))
</ul>
</>
);
};

export default TaskList;

```

App.js code:-

```

import React from 'react';
import TaskList from './TaskList';

function App() {
  return (
    <div className="App">
      <TaskList />
    </div>
  );
}

export default App;

```

Sure! Here's a **detailed explanation** of your React code, section by section. You're building a **Task Manager** that supports:

- **Create** ☐
- **Read** ☐
- **Update** ⇔ ☐
- **Delete** ☐

(aka **CRUD**) functionality using React + Axios + a Django REST API.

1. Imports

```
import { useState, useEffect } from "react";
```

```
import axios from "axios";
```

- `useState` – lets you manage state variables (`data`, `task`, `editingId`).
- `useEffect` – used to perform side effects like fetching data when the component mounts.
- `axios` – makes HTTP requests to your Django backend.

2. API URL

```
const API_URL = "http://localhost:8000/api/tasks/";
```

This is the base URL to your Django backend (make sure it's running). You're interacting with `/api/tasks/`.

3. Component & State Setup

```
const [data, setData] = useState([]);  
const [task, setTask] = useState({ title: "", completed: false });  
const [editingId, setEditingId] = useState(null);
```

- `data`: Holds the list of tasks fetched from the backend.
- `task`: Holds the current task being added or edited.
- `editingId`: If set, it means you're updating a task (not creating a new one).

4. Fetch Data on Load

```
useEffect(() => {  
  
  getTasks();  
  
}, []);
```

- Runs `getTasks()` once when the component mounts.
- `[]` makes it run only once, similar to `componentDidMount()` in class components.

5. Get Tasks from Backend

```
const getTasks = () => {
  axios.get(API_URL).then((response) => {
    setData(response.data);
  });
};
```

- Sends a `GET` request to the backend to fetch all tasks.
- The response data (list of tasks) is saved to `data`.

6. Handle Input Changes

```
const handleChange = (e) => {

  const { name, value } = e.target;

  setTask((prev) => ({

    ...prev,

    [name]: name === "completed" ? value === "true" : value,

  }));

};
```

- Updates the `task` state when typing in inputs or changing the dropdown.
- Special logic for `completed` because it's a boolean (`true/false` from string).

7. Handle Submit: Create or Update

```
const handleSubmit = (e) => {

  e.preventDefault();

  if (editingId !== null) {

    axios.put(`${API_URL}${editingId}/`, task).then(() => {

      setTask({ title: "", completed: false });

      setEditingId(null);

      getTasks();

    });

  }
```

```

} else {
  axios.post(API_URL, task).then(() => {
    setTask({ title: "", completed: false });
    getTasks();
  });
}
};

```

- If `editingId` is set: sends a `PUT` request to update the task.
- If not: sends a `POST` request to create a new task.
- Then resets the form and reloads the list.

8. Edit a Task

```

const handleEdit = (item) => {
  setTask({ title: item.title, completed: item.completed });
  setEditingId(item.id);
};

```

- Prefills the form with the task's data when the "Edit" button is clicked.
- Sets the `editingId` to enable "update" mode.

9. Delete a Task

```

const handleDelete = (id) => {
  axios.delete(`${API_URL}${id}/`).then(() => {
    getTasks();
  });
};

```

```
};
```

- Sends a `DELETE` request to the backend.
- Reloads the task list after deletion.

10. JSX UI Rendering

```
<form onSubmit={handleSubmit}>  
  <input ... />  
  <select ...>  
    <option value={false}>Not Completed</option>  
    <option value={true}>Completed</option>  
  </select>  
  <button type="submit">{editingId ? "Update" : "Add"} Task</button>  
</form>
```

- Renders a form to add or update tasks.
- The button text changes based on whether you're editing.

11. Render Task List

```
<ul>  
  {data.map((item) => (  
    <div key={item.id}>  
      <h3>{item.title}</h3>  
      <p>{item.completed ? "☑ Completed" : "☐ Not Completed"}</p>  
      <button onClick={() => handleEdit(item)}>Edit</button>  
      <button onClick={() => handleDelete(item.id)}>Delete</button>  
    </div>
```

```
    )}
</ul>
```

- Loops through the `data` (tasks) and displays them.
- Each task has buttons for **Edit** and **Delete**.

🔗 Summary

Feature	Description
Create	Form + <code>axios.post()</code>
Read	<code>useEffect()</code> + <code>axios.get()</code>
Update	Edit form pre-fill + <code>axios.put()</code>
Delete	Delete button + <code>axios.delete()</code>

Step 3:-

Django Rest Api backend code:-

- 1) `pip install django-cors-headers`
- 2) `pip install djangorestframework`

and in your project folder setting.py as show below

```
'rest_framework',
'corsheaders',
```

```
# Application definition

INSTALLED_APPS = [
    'django.contrib.admin',
    'django.contrib.auth',
    'django.contrib.contenttypes',
    'django.contrib.sessions',
    'django.contrib.messages',
    'django.contrib.staticfiles',
```

```
'rest_framework',  
'todo',  
'corsheaders',  
]
```

todo/models.py :-

```
from django.db import models  
class Task(models.Model):  
    title = models.CharField(max_length=255)  
    completed = models.BooleanField(default=False)  
    def __str__(self):  
        return self.title
```

todo/serializers.py :-

```
from rest_framework import serializers  
from .models import Task  
class TaskSerializer(serializers.ModelSerializer):  
    class Meta:  
        model = Task  
        fields = '__all__'
```

todo/urls.py :-

```
from django.urls import path, include  
from rest_framework.routers import DefaultRouter  
from .views import TaskViewSet  
router = DefaultRouter()  
router.register(r'tasks', TaskViewSet)  
urlpatterns = [  
    path('', include(router.urls)),  
]
```

todo/views.py :-

```
from rest_framework import viewsets
```

```
from .models import Task
from .serializers import TaskSerializer
class TaskViewSet(viewsets.ModelViewSet):
    queryset = Task.objects.all()
    serializer_class = TaskSerializer
```

urls.py (project folder):-

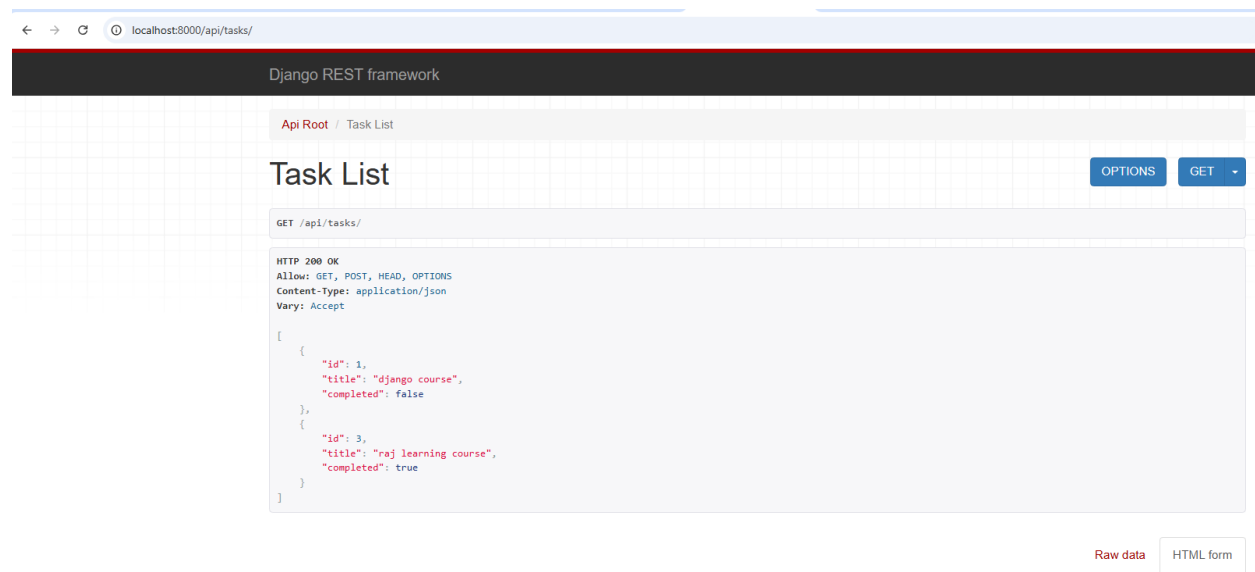
```
from django.contrib import admin
from django.urls import path, include
urlpatterns = [
    path('admin/', admin.site.urls),
    path('api/', include('todo.urls')),
]
```

Finally run backend :-

python manage.py runserver

Get and display

<http://localhost:8000/api/tasks/>



The screenshot shows a web browser window with the address bar displaying `localhost:8000/api/tasks/`. The page title is "Django REST framework". The main content area shows the "Task List" endpoint. The breadcrumb navigation is "Api Root / Task List". The endpoint name is "Task List" and the method is "GET". The response is displayed in a code block, showing the following JSON data:

```
HTTP 200 OK
Allow: GET, POST, HEAD, OPTIONS
Content-Type: application/json
Vary: Accept

[
  {
    "id": 1,
    "title": "django course",
    "completed": false
  },
  {
    "id": 3,
    "title": "raj learning course",
    "completed": true
  }
]
```

At the bottom right of the response area, there are two buttons: "Raw data" and "HTML form".

put and delete

<http://localhost:8000/api/tasks/1/>

Api Root / Task List / Task Instance

Task Instance

DELETE OPTIONS GET

GET /api/tasks/1/

HTTP 200 OK
Allow: GET, PUT, PATCH, DELETE, HEAD, OPTIONS
Content-Type: application/json
Vary: Accept

```
{  
  "id": 1,  
  "title": "django course",  
  "completed": false  
}
```

Raw data HTML form

Title

Completed

PUT