# deviceready

This is an event that fires when Cordova is fully loaded.

document.addEventListener("deviceready", yourCallbackFunction, false);

## Details

This is a very important event that every Cordova application should use.

Cordova consists of two code bases: native and JavaScript. While the native code is loading, a custom loading image is displayed. However, JavaScript is only loaded once the DOM loads. This means your web application could, potentially, call a Cordova JavaScript function before it is loaded.

The Cordova deviceready event fires once Cordova has fully loaded. After the device has fired, you can safely make calls to Cordova function.

Typically, you will want to attach an event listener with document.addEventListener once the HTML document's DOM has loaded.

# Quick Example:-

```
document.addEventListener("deviceready", onDeviceReady, false);
function onDeviceReady() {
    // Now safe to use the Cordova API
}
```

### Full Example:-

#### Write code for index.js file:-

function onLoad() {

document.addEventListener("deviceready", onDeviceReady, false);
}

// Cordova is loaded and it is now safe to make calls Cordova methods

//

function onDeviceReady() {

// Now safe to use the Cordova API

alert("your device is ready");

}

### Write code for index.html file:-

<!DOCTYPE html>

<html>

<head>

<title>Cordova Device Ready Example</title>

<script type="text/javascript" charset="utf-8" src="cordova.js"></script>

<script type="text/javascript" charset="utf-8" src="js/index.js"></script>

<script type="text/javascript" charset="utf-8">

</script>

</head>

<body onload="onLoad()">

<h1> welcome </h1>

</body>

</html>