

Manipulation of nanoparticles using time-dependent electric and magnetic fields: theory and simulations

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The interaction of time-dependent fields with nanoparticles gives rise to a variety of interesting phenomena. In this talk I will address the problem of manipulation of the lattice structure of nanoparticles as a consequence of femtosecond laser excitation, and magnetization reversal induced by time-dependent magnetic fields.

In particular, the possibility using femtosecond laser pulses to eliminate defects at the nanometer scale will be discussed. As an example, a microscopic calculation of the ultrafast, nonequilibrium healing of 5-7-5-7 defects in carbon nanotubes will be presented.

The ability of magnetic field pulses to achieve magnetization reversal on sub-nanosecond time scales has been demonstrated experimentally by different groups. From the theoretical point of view it is of interest to investigate which pulse-shape is the optimal one in order to induce a magnetization inversion on the shortest time.

In this work we perform model calculations to search for the optimal shape of a magnetic pulse to induce ultrafast magnetization reversal of a Stoner particle. The magnetization dynamics is described with the help of the Landau-Lifshitz equation, and the optimal field shape is obtained by using genetic algorithms.