

Sect 5.4 - Scientific Notation

Concept #1 - Introduction to Scientific Notation

In chemistry, there are approximately 602,204,500,000,000,000,000 atoms per mole and in physics, an electron weighs approximately 0.0000000000000000000000000000911 kg. These numbers are not easy to represent in our present notation because they are either very large or very small. Yet, these types of numbers occur in the real world all the time, so a shorthand way called **Scientific Notation** was developed to express these numbers in a more compact fashion. The idea behind scientific notation is that any number can be written as a number between one and ten, including one, times a power of ten. Recall the powers of ten:

$$\begin{array}{lll} 10^0 = 1 & 10^1 = 10 & 10^2 = 100 \\ 10^3 = 1000 & 10^4 = 10000 & 10^5 = 100000 \\ \text{Etc.} & & \end{array}$$

Also, since $x^{-n} = \frac{1}{x^n}$, then:

$$\begin{array}{lll} 10^{-1} = \frac{1}{10} & 10^{-2} = \frac{1}{10^2} = \frac{1}{100} & 10^{-3} = \frac{1}{10^3} = \frac{1}{1000} \\ 10^{-4} = \frac{1}{10^4} = \frac{1}{10000} & 10^{-5} = \frac{1}{10^5} = \frac{1}{100000} & \text{Etc.} \end{array}$$

Write each number as a number between one and ten times a power of ten:

Ex. 1a 5000

Ex. 1b 43,900

Ex. 1c 0.0008

Ex. 1d 0.00000765

Solution:

a) $5,000 = 5 \times 1000 = 5 \times 10^3$

b) $43,900 = 4.39 \times 10000 = 4.39 \times 10^4$

c) $0.0008 = 8 \times .0001 = 8 \times \frac{1}{10000} = 8 \times \frac{1}{10^4} = 8 \times 10^{-4}$

d) $0.00000765 = 7.65 \times \frac{1}{1000000} = 7.65 \times \frac{1}{10^6} = 7.65 \times 10^{-6}$

Definition: A number of the form $W \times 10^n$ is in **Scientific Notation** if n is integer and $1 \leq |W| < 10$ (in other words, W has one non-zero digit to the left of the decimal point). The power 10^n is the **order of magnitude** of the number. The “ \times ” means multiplication, not the variable x .

There are some shortcuts to figure out how to write the number in Scientific Notation. If the original number is ten or larger, the exponent n will be positive. If the original number is smaller than one, the exponent n will be negative. If the number is at least one, but smaller than 10, n will be zero. Also, the number of places you have to move the decimal point to find W will be equal to the power of ten.

A memory aid is $\# \# \# \# \# = \# . \# \# \# \# \times 10^{\square}$.

For example, with 43,900, we know that n will be positive since 43,900 is bigger than 10. Since the decimal point is after the last zero, we have to move it four places until it is after the four. Thus $43,900 = 4.39 \times 10^4$. The order of magnitude of 4.39×10^4 is 10^4 . For 0.00000765, the decimal point is after the first zero so we have to move it six places until it is after the seven (remember W has only one non-zero digit to the left of the decimal point). Since $0.00000765 < 1$, $0.00000765 = 7.65 \times 10^{-6}$.

Concept #2 Writing Numbers in Scientific Notation

Write each number in scientific notation:

Ex. 2a	186,200	Ex. 2b	0.000342
Ex. 2c	0.00004563	Ex. 2d	- 45,879,000
Ex. 2e	602,204,500,000,000,000,000,000 atoms per mole		
Ex. 2f	0.0000000000000000000000000000000911 kg		
Ex. 2g	- 5.43	Ex. 2h	0.32

Solution:

- a) Since $186,200 > 10$, the exponent will be positive. We have to move the decimal point five places to the left.
 $186,200 = 1.862 \times 10^5$
- b) Since $0.000342 < 1$, the exponent will be negative. We have to move the decimal point four places to the right.
 $0.000342 = 3.42 \times 10^{-4}$
- c) Since $0.00004563 < 1$, the exponent will be negative. We have to move the decimal point five places to the right.
 $0.00004563 = 4.563 \times 10^{-5}$
- d) Since $45,879,000 > 10$, the exponent will be positive. We have to move the decimal point seven places to the left.
 $- 45,879,000 = - 4.5879 \times 10^7$

Concept #4 Multiplying and Dividing Numbers in Scientific Notation.

Multiplication and division of numbers in scientific notation is relatively straight forward. We use the commutative and associative properties of multiplication to group the numbers together and group the powers of 10 together and then simplify. The thing one has to watch for is after computing the result, the number in front of the power of ten may not be between 1 and ten (including one). In this case, some additional converting and simplifying will need to be performed to get the answer in scientific notation.

Simplify the following, Be sure your answer is in scientific notation:

$$\text{Ex. 4a} \quad (4.3 \times 10^{15})(1.8 \times 10^{23}) \quad \text{Ex. 4b} \quad \frac{9.6 \times 10^{-57}}{2.4 \times 10^{-13}}$$

$$\text{Ex. 4c} \quad \frac{1.89 \times 10^{24}}{9 \times 10^7} \quad \text{Ex. 4d} \quad (6.022 \times 10^{23})(9.11 \times 10^{-31})$$

Solution:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a)} \quad & (4.3 \times 10^{15})(1.8 \times 10^{23}) && \text{(regroup and reorder)} \\ & = 4.3 \cdot 1.8 \times 10^{15} \cdot 10^{23} && \text{(product rule \& simplify)} \\ & = 7.74 \times 10^{38} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b)} \quad & \frac{9.6 \times 10^{-57}}{2.4 \times 10^{-13}} && \text{(regroup and reorder)} \\ & = \frac{9.6}{2.4} \times \frac{10^{-57}}{10^{-13}} && \text{(quotient rule)} \\ & = \frac{9.6}{2.4} \times 10^{-57 - (-13)} && \text{(simplify)} \\ & = 4 \times 10^{-44} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{c)} \quad & \frac{1.89 \times 10^{24}}{9 \times 10^7} && \text{(regroup and reorder)} \\ & = \frac{1.89}{9} \times \frac{10^{24}}{10^7} && \text{(quotient rule)} \\ & = \frac{1.89}{9} \times 10^{24-7} && \text{(simplify)} \\ & = 0.21 \times 10^{17}, \text{ but this is not in scientific notation.} \\ & \text{However, } \mathbf{0.21 = 2.1 \times 10^{-1}}, \\ & \text{So, } 0.21 \times 10^{17} \\ & = \mathbf{2.1 \times 10^{-1} \times 10^{17}} && \text{(product rule)} \\ & = 2.1 \times 10^{16} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{d)} \quad & (6.022 \times 10^{23})(9.11 \times 10^{-31}) \text{ (regroup and reorder)} \\
 & = 6.022 \cdot 9.11 \times 10^{23} \cdot 10^{-31} \quad \text{(product rule \& simplify)} \\
 & = 54.86042 \times 10^{-8}, \text{ but this is not in scientific notation.} \\
 & \text{However, } \mathbf{54.86042 = 5.486042 \times 10^1}. \\
 & \text{So, } 54.86042 \times 10^{-8} \\
 & = \mathbf{5.486042 \times 10^1 \times 10^{-8}} \quad \text{(product rule)} \\
 & = 5.486042 \times 10^{-7}
 \end{aligned}$$

Concept #5 Applications

Ex. 5 If the mass of a proton is approximately 1.67×10^{-24} grams, how much mass would 6.022×10^{23} protons have?

Solution:

We need to multiply the number of protons by the mass of each proton:

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (6.022 \times 10^{23})(1.67 \times 10^{-24}) \text{ (regroup and reorder)} \\
 & = 6.022 \cdot 1.67 \times 10^{23} \cdot 10^{-24} \quad \text{(product rule \& simplify)} \\
 & = 10.05674 \times 10^{-1}, \text{ but this is not in scientific notation.} \\
 & \text{However, } \mathbf{10.05674 = 1.005674 \times 10^1}. \\
 & \text{So, } 10.05674 \times 10^{-1} \\
 & = \mathbf{1.005674 \times 10^1 \times 10^{-1}} \quad \text{(product rule)} \\
 & = 1.005674 \times 10^0 = 1.005674 \text{ grams}
 \end{aligned}$$

Ex. 6 A star called “Vega” is approximately 1.552×10^{14} miles from the Earth. If the space ship can travel 2.100×10^4 miles per hour, how many years will it take the space ship to reach Vega?

Solution:

First, we will calculate how far the space ship can travel in a year:

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \text{Since } 24 \text{ hours} = 2.4 \times 10^1 \text{ and } 365 = 3.65 \times 10^2, \text{ then} \\
 & 2.1 \times 10^4 \text{ miles/hour} \quad \text{(multiply by } 2.4 \times 10^1 \text{ hours in a day)} \\
 & = (2.1 \times 10^4)(2.4 \times 10^1) \quad \text{(regroup and reorder)} \\
 & = 2.1 \cdot 2.4 \times 10^4 \cdot 10^1 \quad \text{(simplify)} \\
 & = 5.04 \times 10^5 \text{ miles/day} \quad \text{(multiply by } 3.65 \times 10^2 \text{ days in a year)} \\
 & = (5.04 \times 10^5)(3.65 \times 10^2) \quad \text{(regroup and reorder)} \\
 & = 5.04 \cdot 3.65 \times 10^5 \cdot 10^2 \quad \text{(simplify)} \\
 & = 18.396 \times 10^7 \\
 & \text{But, } \mathbf{18.396 = 1.8396 \times 10^1} \\
 & \text{So, } 18.396 \times 10^7
 \end{aligned}$$

$$= 1.8396 \times 10^1 \times 10^7$$

$$= 1.8396 \times 10^8 \text{ miles/year}$$

Since $d = rt$ (distance equals rate times time), we replace d by 1.552×10^{14} miles and r by 1.8396×10^8 miles/year and solve:

$$d = rt$$

$$\frac{1.552 \times 10^{14}}{1.8396 \times 10^8} = \frac{(1.8396 \times 10^8)t}{1.8396 \times 10^8} \quad (\text{divide both sides by } 1.8396 \times 10^8. \\ \text{regroup and reorder})$$

$$t = \frac{1.552}{1.8396} \times \frac{10^{14}}{10^8} \quad (\text{simplify})$$

$$\approx 0.8437 \times 10^6$$

$$\text{But, } 0.8437 = 8.437 \times 10^{-1}$$

$$\text{So, } 0.8437 \times 10^6$$

$$= 8.437 \times 10^{-1} \times 10^6$$

$$= 8.437 \times 10^5 \text{ years}$$

It will take the space ship approximately 8.437×10^5 or 843,700 years to reach the star "Vega."