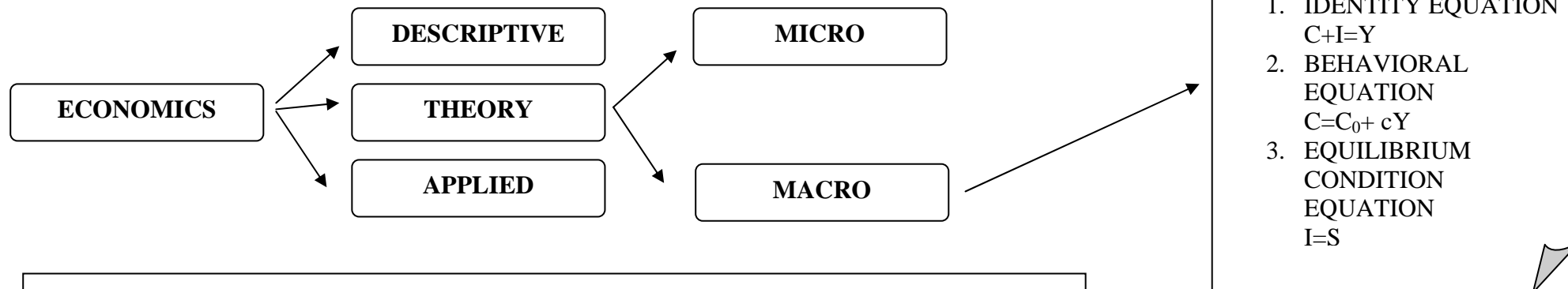


MAKROECONOMICS; INFLATION



Inflation:

The overall general upward price movement of goods and services in an economy, usually as measured by the [Consumer Price Index](#) and the [Producer Price Index](#).

Consumer price index:

CPI. An [inflationary indicator](#) that measures the change in the cost of a [fixed](#) basket of products and services, including housing, electricity, food, and transportation. The CPI is published monthly. **also called** cost-of-living index.

Producer Price Index:

PPI. An inflationary indicator published by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics to evaluate wholesale price levels in the economy.