

Algorithm for Predicting Diffusion Paths in Ternary Systems

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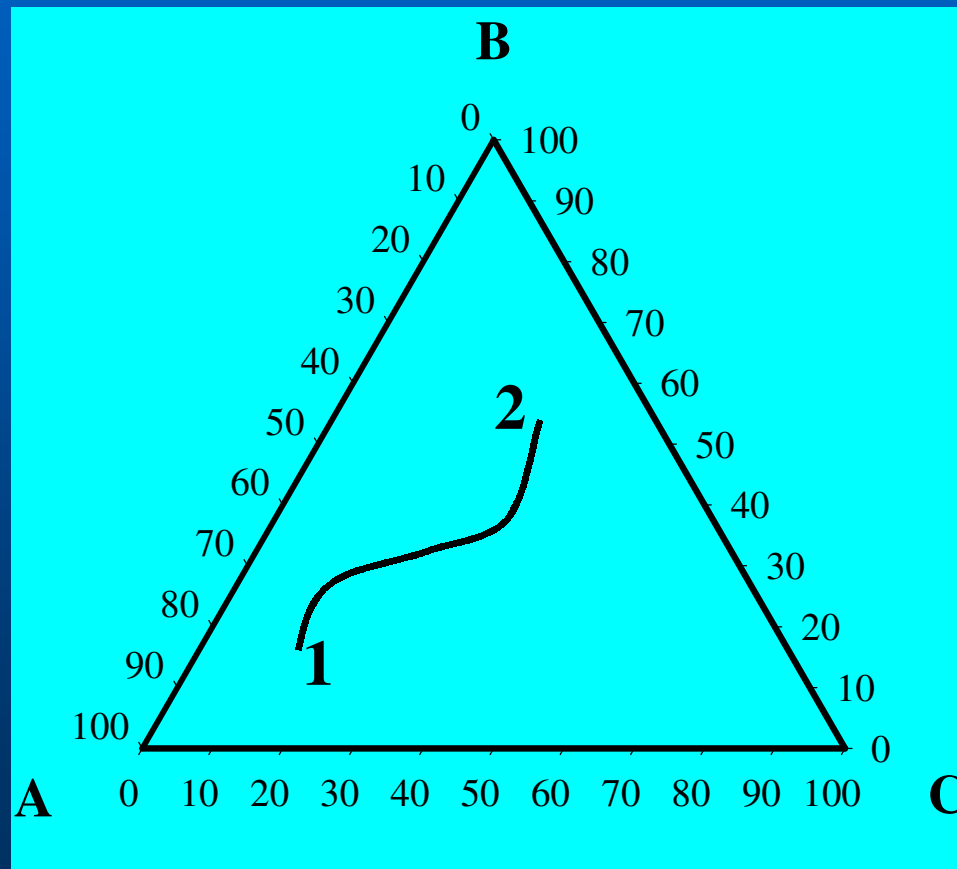
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Diffusion Paths

- Result of interdiffusion of the diffusing species at the interface.
- Sequence of phase formation.
- Composition variation in the diffusion zone.
- Represented on the isothermal section of phase diagram as a curve.

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- **Binary systems----** relatively easy to predict
 - **Ternary system is complex**
 - 1.** more degrees of freedom
 - 2.** out of various possible diffusion paths only one is stable
 - 3.** may exhibit zero flux plane
 - 4.** flux reversal possible in some species
 - 5.** generally serpentine but double serpentine is also reported

Ternary Diffusion Path



Experimental

$C_A^{-\infty}$	$C_A^{+\infty}$
Alloy 1	Alloy 2
$C_B^{-\infty}$	$C_B^{+\infty}$

Diffusion couples can be uniquely defined by:

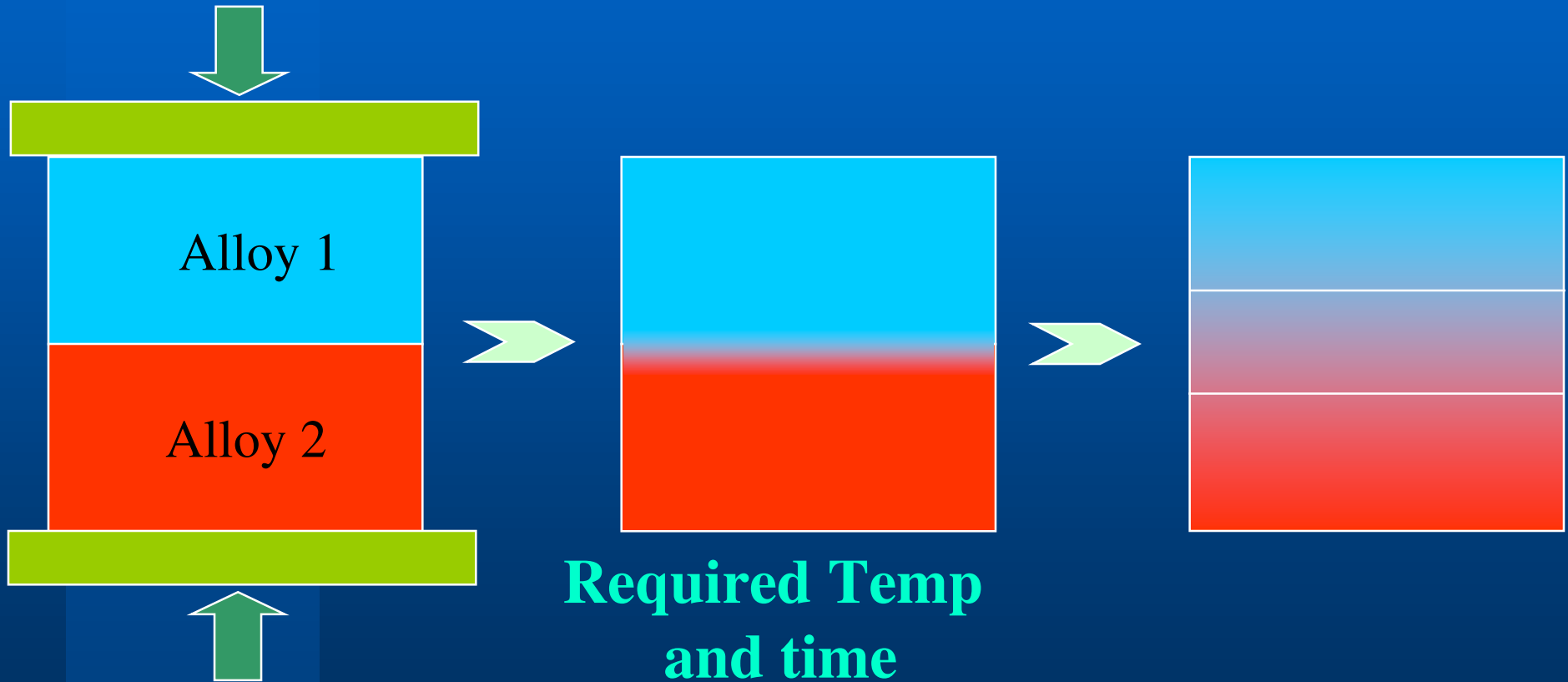
ΔC_A and ΔC_B

$$\Delta C_A = C_A^{-\infty} - C_A^{+\infty}$$

$$\Delta C_B = C_B^{-\infty} - C_B^{+\infty}$$

Making Diffusion Couples

5 MPa



1173K -1hr

Compositions of the alloys

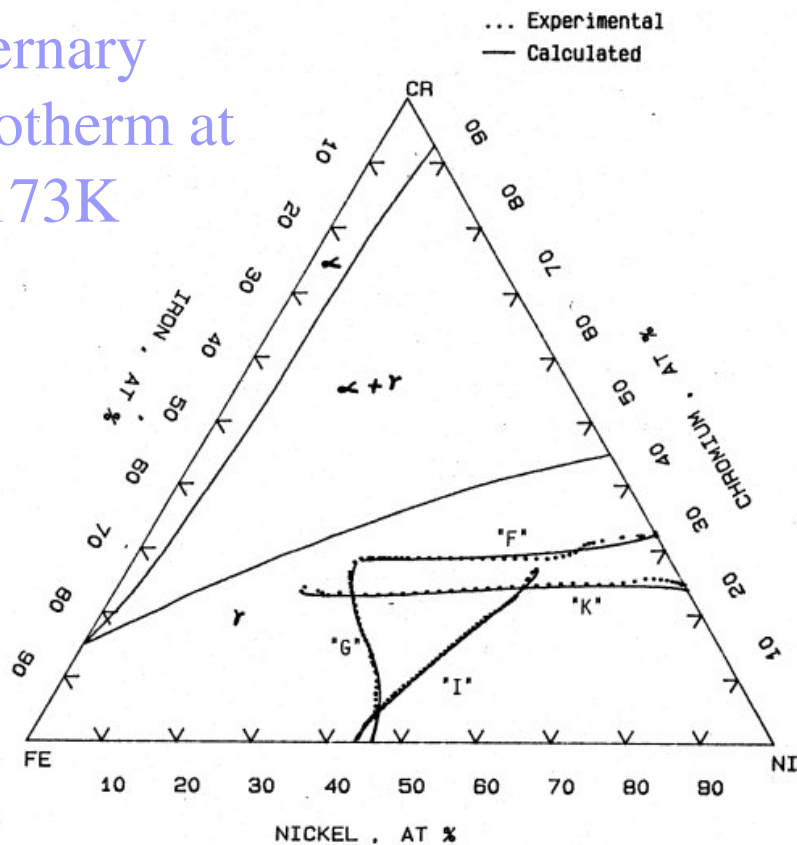
Alloy No.	Fe	Ni (atom%)	Cr
1	41.4	30.3	28.3
2	31.0	37.5	31.5
3	20.3	42.0	37.7
4	18.6	54.7	26.7
5	11.5	57.3	31.2
6	-	67.4	32.6
7	-	76.1	23.9
8	-	100	-
9	6.8	93.2	-
10	43.2	56.8	-
11	53.3	46.7	-
12	63.7	24.6	11.7
13	51.8	25.1	23.1
14	55.9	44.1	-
15	16.9	79.0	4.1
16	4.3	77.1	18.6
17	4.3	82.9	12.8
18	15.4	72.5	12.1
19	31.0	34.5	34.5

Diffusion annealing schedule

COUPLE	ALLOYS	TEMPERATURE (K)	TIME (ks)
A	8/2	1223	432
B	8/3	1223	432
C	8/5	1223	432
D	8/12	1223	432
E	8/13	1223	432
F	1/6	1223	324
G	1/11	1223	324
H	3/11	1223	324
I	4/14	1223	324
J	7/9	1223	324
K	13/7	1223	324
L	12/19	1223	324
M	7/10	1223	324
N	8/4	1173	324
O	8/2	1173	324
P	13/7	1173	324
Q	8/3	1323	180
R	8/19	1323	180
S	13/7	1323	180
T	15/16	1380	259.2
U	17/18	1380	259.2
V	17/18	1403	180
W	15/16	1403	180

Results

Ternary
Isotherm at
1173K



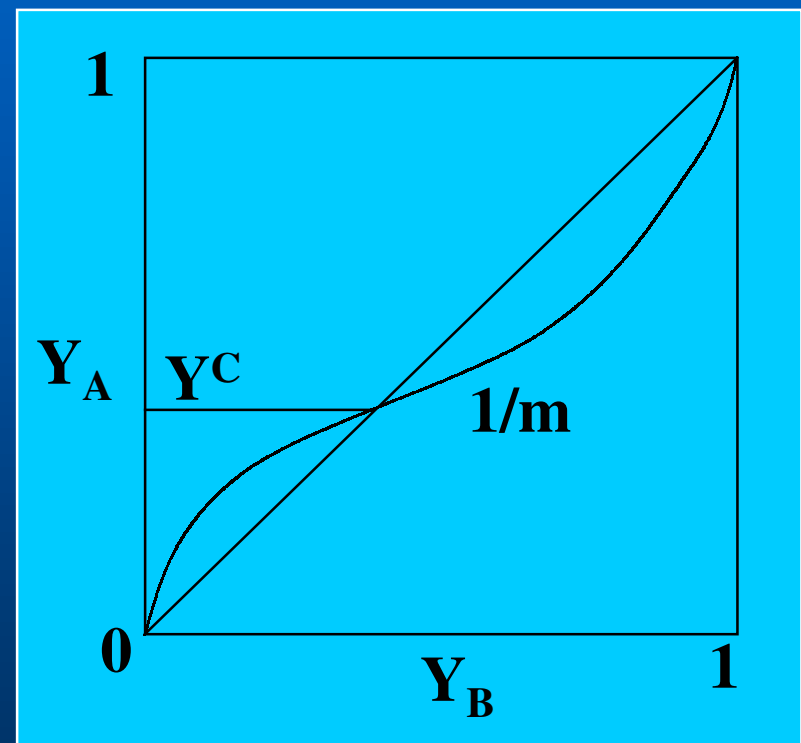
The diffusion paths are
mostly S-shaped.

Orthogonal Transformation

$$Y_i = \frac{C_i - C_i^{+\infty}}{C_i^{-\infty} - C_i^{+\infty}} \rightarrow \text{Eqn. 1}$$

$$0 \leq Y_i \leq 1$$

Two variables: Y_c and m



The Model

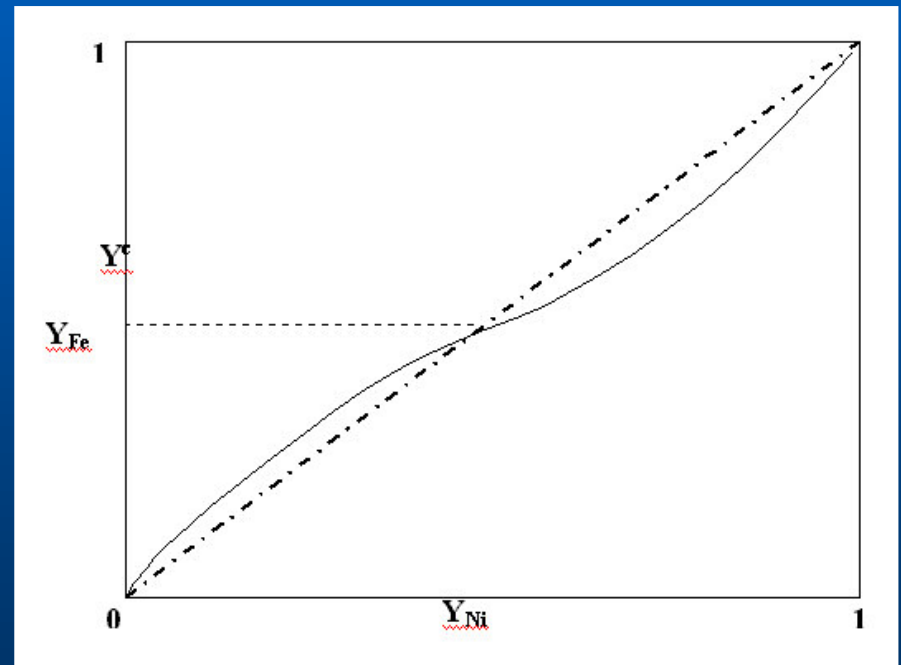
$$Y_A^m = (Y^c)^{m-1} Y_B$$

for $(0 \leq Y_A \leq Y^c)$

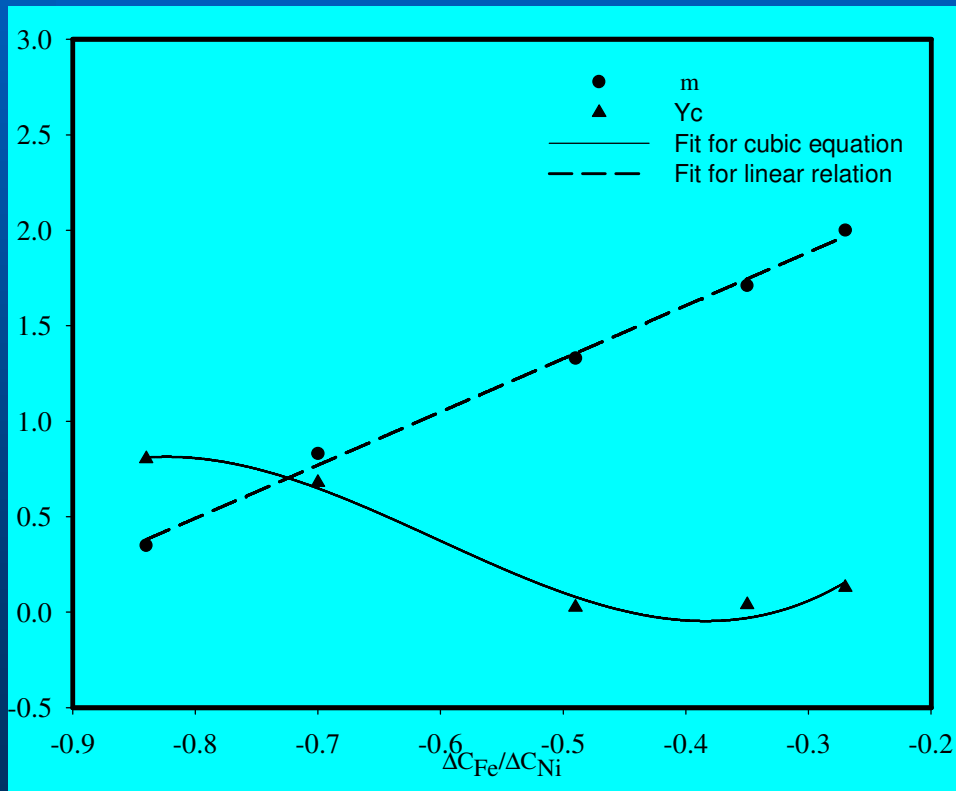
$$(1 - Y_A)^m = (1 - Y^c)^{m-1} (1 - Y_B)$$

for $(Y^c \leq Y_A \leq 1)$

Eqn. 2



Curve Fitting



$$Y^C = 3.073 + 19.22 (\Delta C_{Fe}/\Delta C_{Ni}) + 36.71 (\Delta C_{Fe}/\Delta C_{Ni})^2 + 20.27 (\Delta C_{Fe}/\Delta C_{Ni})^3$$

Eqn. 3

$$m = 2.72 + 2.786 (\Delta C_{Fe}/\Delta C_{Ni})$$

Eqn. 4

Algorithm

Plots the diffusion path for couples of Fe-N i-Cr system

