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Grade- 2nd

Content Area: Chemistry/chemical & Physical Changes

Grade Level: 2nd

Process Skills: Observing, measuring, predicting, experimenting, communicating, investigating

Subject Integration: Math and art

Academic Standards: Science and Technology- Physical science, Chemistry, and

Physics- 3.4.4- A. Recognize basic concepts about the structure and properties of matter.

*Describe the properties of matter (e.g., hardness, reactions to simple chemical tests).

*Know that combining two or more substances can make new materials with different properties. *Know different material characteristics (e.g., texture, state of matter, solubility).

Materials: white glue, mixing bowl, Ziploc bags, measuring cup, plastic spoons, borax, food coloring, hot and cold water, paper towels, question sheet, mixing colors packet.

Vocabulary: elastic, solid, liquid

Objectives:

- The students will be able to investigate and describe the formation of the mixture and discuss its physical properties.
- Students will name, hypothesize and identify which substance they think created the chemical change.
- Students will be able to explain what color is made when you mix two primary colors.

Procedure:

- Have student's line up and as they approach the table give them one Ziploc baggie, which they will open.
- Add to their bags 2 tablespoons of cold water and 2 tablespoons of white glue. Tell the student's to zip their bag shut, return to the end of line, and carefully mix the glue and the water.
- In a separate bowl have 1 cup of hot water (from the tap is fine) and mix with it 1 tablespoon of borax. Stir until dissolved.
- As the student's come back through the line add 1 tablespoon of the borax mixture to the glue mixture inside of the bags. Also, add two drops of the food

- coloring for desired color. Have the student's close their bags, return to their seats, and continue mixing the contents until it becomes putty-like.
- Have the student's experiment with the gloop. Encourage discovery of physical properties and its transformation into a solid. Record discoveries and describe results.
 - Encourage the student's to experiment with elasticity, bouncing qualities, ability to be broken and restored to a whole, presence of air in the substance, smell, sound, etc.
 - Review chemical and physical changes. Have the students hypothesize about which substance they think created the chemical change.

Evaluation:

- Evaluate the student's ability to measure, experiment, and hypothesize about the properties of the substance that they have created.

Enrichment/Extension:

- Students can form objects, animals, and other forms with the gloop.

Additional Information:

- Gloop is a substance that has properties of a solid and liquid piece of matter. This is called a colloid.