

### Limits – Worksheet 3

1. Sketch a graph of the function  $f(x)$

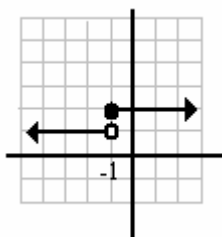
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{x^2}, & x < -1 \\ 2, & -1 \leq x < 1 \\ 3, & x = 1 \\ x+1, & 1 < x \leq 2 \\ \frac{-1}{(x-2)^2}, & x > 2 \end{cases}$$

2. Using your graph from problem 1, determine the value of each of the following limits:

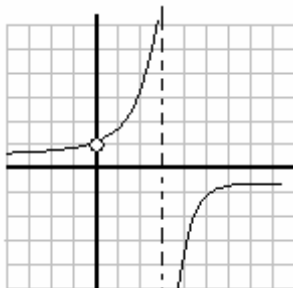
- |                                       |                                       |                                      |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| a. $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1^-} f(x) =$ | b. $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1^+} f(x) =$ | c. $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} f(x) =$  |
| d. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} f(x) =$  | e. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} f(x) =$  | f. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} f(x) =$   |
| g. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} f(x) =$  | h. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} f(x) =$  | i. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} f(x) =$   |
| j. $\lim_{x \rightarrow -3} f(x) =$   | k. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 5} f(x) =$    | l. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1.5} f(x) =$ |

For problems 3–8, use the graph to test each function for continuity at the indicated value of  $x$ .

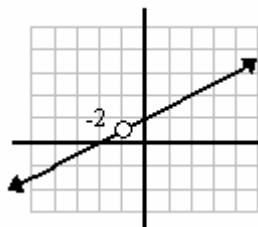
3.  $x = -1$



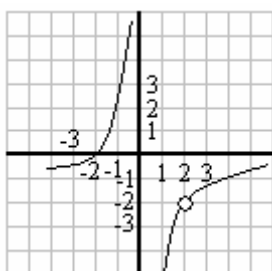
4.  $x = 3$



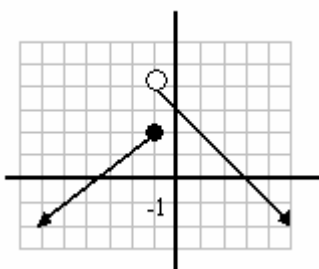
5.  $x = -2$



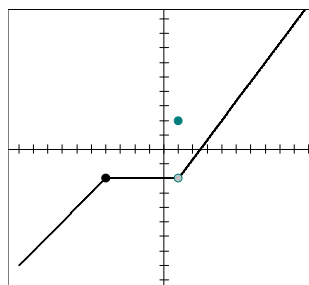
6.  $x = 2$



7.  $x = -1$



8.  $x = 1$



### Limits – Worksheet 3

Use the graphs of 3–8 to answer the following # 9 – 14:

9. Name the open interval(s) on which the function in problem 3 is continuous.
10. Name the type of discontinuity for problem 4.
11. How would you define  $f(-1)$  to remove the discontinuity in problem 5?
12. Name the open interval(s) on which the function in problem 6 is continuous.
13. Is it possible to remove the discontinuity in problem 7?
14. Use the graph of problem 8 to define the piecewise function  $h(x)$ .

Find each one-sided limit:

$$15. \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} \frac{x-3}{x-2} =$$

$$16. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} \frac{|x|}{x} =$$

$$17. \lim_{x \rightarrow 3^+} \frac{x-5}{x^2-9} =$$

$$18. \lim_{x \rightarrow \pi^-} \frac{\cos x}{x} =$$

$$19. \lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} \frac{x^2 + 2x - 3}{x^2 + x - 6} =$$