

Canada's Migration

1. Canada's Net Migration

- a. Construct a multiple line graph to illustrate Canada's immigration and emigration since 1851. (Data Chart 1). The vertical scale should be divided into two sections by a zero at its midpoint. The upper part of the graph is to represent immigrants and the bottom part is to represent emigrants.
- b. Identify the periods of peak immigration and attempt to explain each.
- c. Identify the periods of peak emigration and attempt to explain each.
- d. Certain qualities, called pull factors, attract immigrants to a new country, What are the pull factors, past and present, that have made or make Canada a desirable place to live for new immigrants?
- e. Other factors, called push factors, encourage people to move away from their home country. Identify some "push factors" from the past that would make people want to leave an area in Canada.

2. Ethnic Diversity

- a. Construct pie charts using the language data (Data Chart 2) to represent ethnic diversity. Display the pie charts on the map of Canada provided.
- b. Which provinces/territories appear to have the greatest ethnic diversity? Provide explanations as to why?
- c. Which provinces/territories appear to have the least ethnic diversity? Provide explanations as to why?

3. Birthplace of Immigrants

- a. Use data chart 3 and a blank map of the world to construct a **flow line map** for one of the time periods to illustrate the flow of immigrants into Canada from their places of birth from. (The width of each arrow should be based on 1mm = 10 000 immigrants.). They will then answer the following questions.
- b. What has happened to the total number of immigrants coming into Canada?
 - How have the origins of Canada's immigrant population changed since pre-1961?
 - What explanations can you provide for these changes?
 - What impact might these trends have on Canada's economic, social, and cultural life?
- c. Refer to the data chart 4: "Destination of Immigrants Coming to Canada" and describe how destinations have changed since 1913, and suggesting possible explanations.

Data Chart 1: Immigration and Emigration Since 1851. The numbers are in the thousands.

	Immigration	Emigration	Net Migration
1861-1871	260	411	
1871-1881	350	404	
1881-1891	680	836	
1891-1901	250	380	
1901-1911	1550	739	
1911-1921	1400	1089	
1921-1931	1200	971	
1931-1941	149	241	
1941-1951	548	379	
1951-1961	1543	462	
1961-1971	1429	707	
1971-1981	1824	858	
1981-1991	1876	639	

Data Chart 2: Population percentage by mother tongue, for provinces

Province/Territory	English	French	Non-Official Language
Newfoundland	98.4	0.4	1.2
Nova Scotia	92.8	3.8	2.8
PEI	93.8	4.2	1.9
New Brunswick	64.6	32.9	2.5
Quebec	7.8	80.9	11.3
Ontario	70.6	4.3	25.1
Manitoba	74.7	4.0	21.3
Saskatchewan	84.9	1.8	13.3
Alberta	80.9	2.0	17.1
BC	73.0	8.0 (Chinese)	19.0
Yukon Territory	86.2	3.1	10.7
NWT	77.2	2.6	20.3
Nunavut	26.0	69.8 (Inuit)	4.2

Data Chart 3: Canada's Immigrant Population by Place of Birth.

Birthplace	Pre-1961	1961-70	1971-80	1981-90	1991-96
United States	45 050	50 200	74 015	46 405	29 025
Central and South America	6370	17 410	67 470	106 230	76 335
Caribbean and Bermuda	8390	45 270	96 025	72 405	57 315
United Kingdom	265 580	168 140	132 950	63 445	25 420
Other Northern and Western Europe	284 205	90 465	59 850	48 095	31 705
Southern and Eastern Europe	403 675	285 255	162 900	169 135	140 355
Africa	4945	25 685	58 150	64 265	76 260
West-Central Asia and Middle East	4975	15 165	30 980	77 685	82 050
South-East and Eastern Asia	23 040	52 905	216 640	235 205	370 605
Southern Asia	4565	28 875	80 755	99 270	140 055
Oceania and Other	4250	9240	15 420	10 240	9875

Data Chart 4: Destination of Immigrants coming to Canada

Province	1913	1955	1992
British Columbia	15%	13%	14%
Prairies	35%	13%	11%
Ontario	31%	52%	51%
Quebec	15%	20%	22%
Atlantic Provinces	4%	2%	1%