

**Exit Time**

An asset, currently priced S, follows a geometric Brownian motion. The probability density function of the expected time to touch a barrier H is given by f(t):

$$M := \mu - \frac{\sigma^2}{2}$$

$$f(t) := \frac{\ln\left(\frac{H}{S}\right) \cdot t^{-\frac{3}{2}}}{\sigma \cdot \sqrt{2\pi}} \cdot e^{-\frac{1}{2} \cdot \left(\frac{\ln\left(\frac{H}{S}\right) - M \cdot t}{\sigma \cdot \sqrt{t}}\right)^2} \quad [1]$$

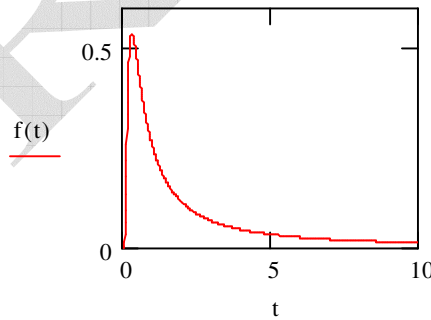
**Example:** Find the expected time to touch a barrier H=1.1 starting from S=1 given monthly drift 0.01 and monthly standard deviation 0.1.

$$\mu := 0.01 \quad H := 1.1 \quad S := 1$$

$$\sigma := 0.1$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} t \cdot f(t) dt = 19.062$$

So, the answer is about 19 months. (Mathcad was used to perform the calculations).



Graph: The pdf of Exit Time

**Exit Time for the Kelly bettor**

The expected time it takes to cross above an up wealth barrier (b) or below a down wealth barrier (a) for someone following a fractional (k) Kelly betting strategy is given by:

$$E(T) = \frac{1}{r} \cdot \ln\left(\frac{b^q}{a^{q-1}}\right) \quad [2]$$

where  $r = \left(k - \frac{k^2}{2}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{\mu}{\sigma}\right)^2$  and  $q = \frac{1 - a^{1-\frac{2}{k}}}{b^{1-\frac{2}{k}} - a^{1-\frac{2}{k}}}$

If we are only interested for the expected time to touch the up barrier then:

$$E(T) = \frac{1}{r} \cdot \ln(b) \quad [3]$$

We can use formula [3] for solving the previous example:

$Kelly = \left(\frac{\mu}{\sigma^2}\right) = 1$  , so by owning the asset S it would be equivalent of having invested

$k=1$  Kelly of our wealth in this asset. If for example we had  $\left(\frac{\mu}{\sigma^2}\right) = 2$  then it would be equivalent of having invested  $k=0.5$  Kelly of our wealth in this asset.

We use [3] with  $b=1.1$  and  $k=1$  and we have  $E(T) = 19.062$  months as we expected.

Note: We have to be careful and always normalize  $b$  as the starting point of  $S$  must always be 1.

Example:  $S$  is currently trading at 2.5. Find the expected time of either touching 3.5 (up barrier) or 2 (down barrier). The drift is 0.02 per month and volatility is 0.1 per month.

$Kelly = \left(\frac{\mu}{\sigma^2}\right) = \left(\frac{0.02}{0.1^2}\right) = 2$  , so  $k=1/2=0.5$ . Also we have  $a = 2/2.5 = 0.8$  and  $b = 3.5/2.5 = 1.4$ .

$$q = \frac{1 - 0.8^{1-\frac{2}{0.5}}}{1.4^{1-\frac{2}{0.5}} - 0.8^{1-\frac{2}{0.5}}} = \frac{1 - 0.8^{-3}}{1.4^{-3} - 0.8^{-3}} = 0.6 \quad , \quad r = \left(0.5 - \frac{0.5^2}{2}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{0.02}{0.1}\right)^2 = 0.015$$

From [2] we have:

$$E(T) = \frac{1}{0.015} \cdot \ln\left(\frac{1.4^{0.6}}{0.8^{0.6-1}}\right) = 7.508 \text{ months.}$$