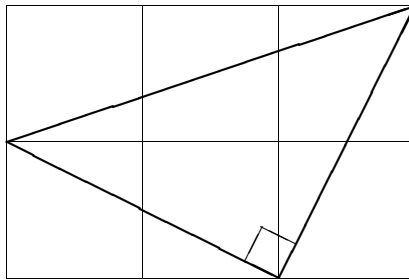


# 1, 2, 3, 4, $\pi$ AND ARC-TANGENT



The above figure proves the following identities. Can you find them all?

$$\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3}\right) = \frac{\pi}{4}$$

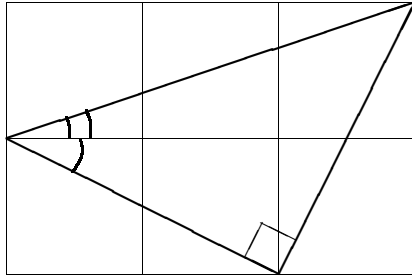
$$\tan^{-1}(3) - \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$\tan^{-1}(2) - \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3}\right) = \frac{\pi}{4}$$

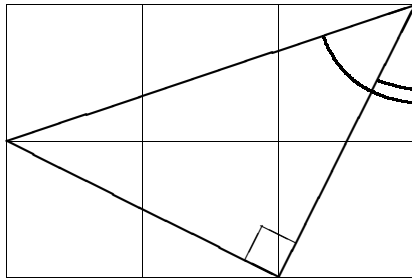
$$\tan^{-1}(1) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3}\right) = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\tan^{-1}(1) + \tan^{-1}(2) + \tan^{-1}(3) = \pi$$

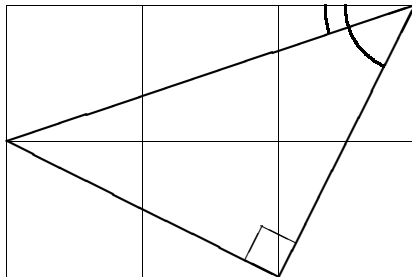
Rex H. Wu  
Brooklyn, NY



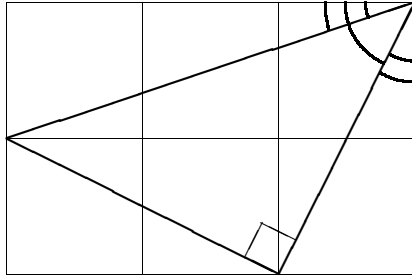
$$\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3}\right) = \frac{\pi}{4}$$



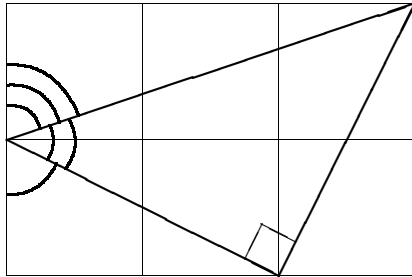
$$\tan^{-1}(3) - \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = \frac{\pi}{4}$$



$$\tan^{-1}(2) - \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3}\right) = \frac{\pi}{4}$$



$$\tan^{-1}(1) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{3}\right) = \frac{\pi}{2}$$



$$\tan^{-1}(1) + \tan^{-1}(2) + \tan^{-1}(3) = \pi$$