

Chapter 8 Review

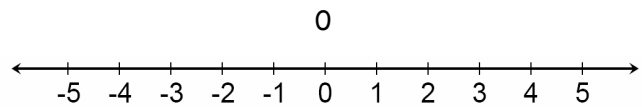
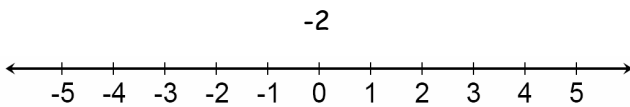
Vocabulary and Concept Check

✓ Choose the letter of the term that best matches each phrase.

- | | | |
|--|-------|-----------------|
| 1. the sign of the sum of two positive integers | _____ | a) x-coordinate |
| 2. the horizontal number line of a coordinate system | _____ | b) positive |
| 3. the sign of the quotient of a positive integer and a negative integer | _____ | c) negative |
| 4. the second number in an ordered pair | _____ | d) x-axis |
| 5. the first number in an ordered pair | _____ | e) y-coordinate |
| 6. a pair of counters including one positive counter and one negative | _____ | f) opposites |
| 7. numbers that are the same distance from zero on the number line | _____ | g) zero pair |

8.1 Integers

☆ Graph each integer on a number line.



☆ Write $<$, $>$, $=$ to compare each set of integers.

$$-20 \bigcirc 0$$

$$-12 \bigcirc -13$$

$$14 \bigcirc -14$$

☆ Write the set of integers in order from least to greatest: -2, 4, 0, -1, 3

_____, _____, _____, _____, _____,

☆ Write the set of integers in order from greatest to least: 8, -7, -5, -12, 10

_____, _____, _____, _____, _____,

8.2 Adding Integers

☆ Add. Use counters or a number line if necessary.

$$-6 + 6$$

$$-10 + 4$$

$$-3 + (-12)$$

$$4 + 3$$

$$-8 + (-5)$$

$$-15 + 9$$

$$9 + (-3)$$

$$-20 + 20$$

8.3 Subtracting Integers

☆ Subtract. Use counters if necessary.

$6 - 4$

$-4 - 9$

$-3 - (-8)$

$12 - 14$

$-2 - 5$

$-1 - (-2)$

$10 - (-9)$

$4 - (-4)$

8.4 Multiplying Integers

☆ Multiply.

-3×5

$6 \times (-4)$

$-2 \times (-8)$

$-7 \times (-5)$

8×4

$0 \times (-9)$

-6×6

$-7 \times (-8)$

8.5 Dividing Integers

☆ Divide.

$-8 \div 2$

$56 \div (-2)$

$-24 \div (-3)$

$-21 \div 7$

$42 \div 6$

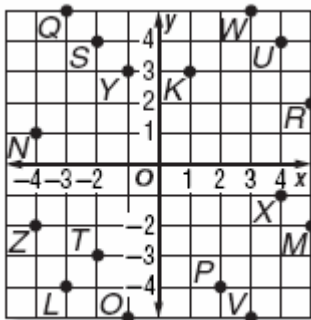
$-81 \div (-9)$

$0 \div (-6)$

$-16 \div 8$

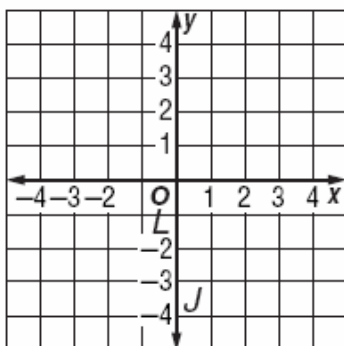
8.6 The Coordinate Plane

☆ Write the ordered pair that names each point. Then identify the quadrant where each point is located.



R **X** **Z** **N** **S**
 (,) (,) (,) (,) (,)

☆ Graph and label each point on the coordinate plane.



A **B** **C** **D** **E**
 (2, -1) (-3, -2) (0, 1) (4, 0) (-3, 4)

(OVER)