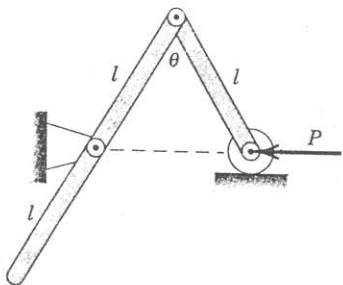


# PROBLEMS

(Assume that the negative work of friction is negligible in the following problems unless otherwise indicated.)

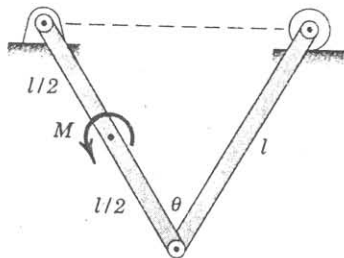
- 1 The mass of the uniform bar of length  $l$  is  $m$  while that of the uniform bar of length  $2l$  is  $2m$ . For a given force  $P$ , determine the angle  $\theta$  for equilibrium.

$$\text{Ans. } \theta = 2 \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{4P}{mg} \right)$$



Problem 1

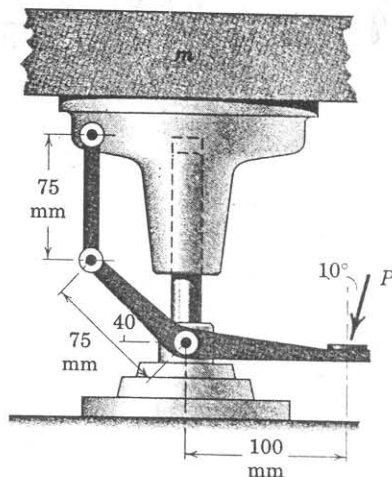
- 2 Determine the couple  $M$  required to maintain equilibrium at an angle  $\theta$ . Each of the two uniform bars has mass  $m$  and length  $l$ .



Problem 2

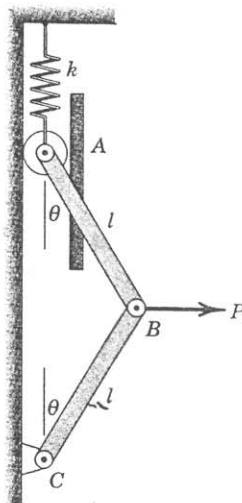
- 3 The foot-operated lift is used to raise a platform of mass  $m$ . Determine the necessary force  $P$  applied at the  $10^\circ$  angle to support the 80-kg load.

$$\text{Ans. } P = 458 \text{ N}$$



Problem 3

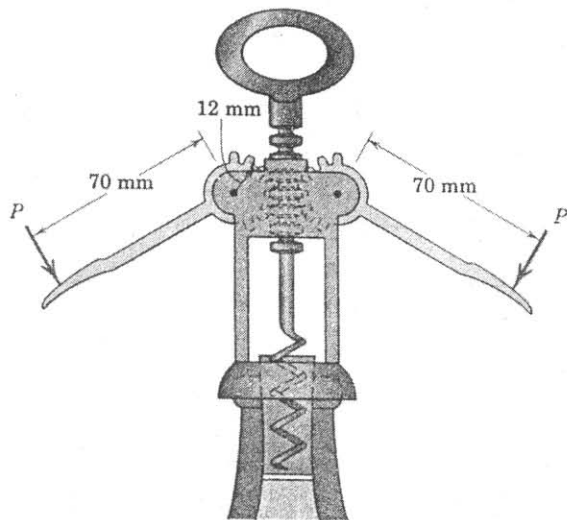
- 4 The spring of constant  $k$  is unstretched when  $\theta = 0$ . Derive an expression for the force  $P$  required to deflect the system to an angle  $\theta$ . The mass of the bars is negligible.



Problem 4

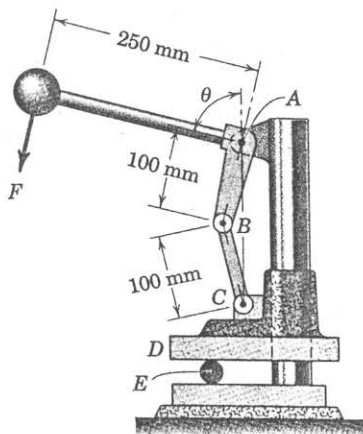
By means of a rack-and-pinion mechanism, large forces can be developed by the cork puller shown. If the mean radius of the pinion gears is 12 mm, determine the force  $R$  which is exerted on the cork for given forces  $P$  on the handles.

*Ans.*  $R = 11.67P$



**Problem 5**

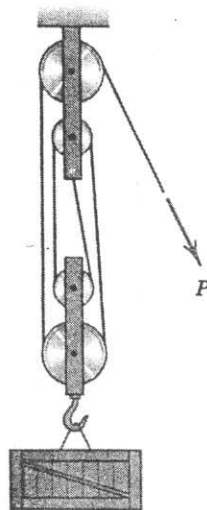
The upper jaw  $D$  of the toggle press slides with negligible frictional resistance along the fixed vertical column. Determine the required force  $F$  on the handle to produce a compression  $R$  on the roller for any given value of  $\theta$ .



**Problem 6**

For each unit of movement of the free end of the rope in the direction of the applied force  $P$ , the 250-lb load moves one-fourth of a unit. If the mechanical efficiency  $e$  of the hoist is 0.75, calculate the force  $P$  required to raise the load and the force  $P'$  required to lower the load.

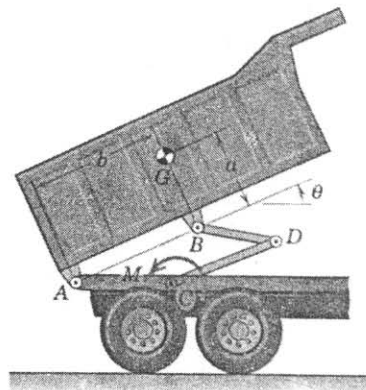
*Ans.*  $P = 83.3$  lb,  $P' = 46.9$  lb



250 lb

**Problem 7**

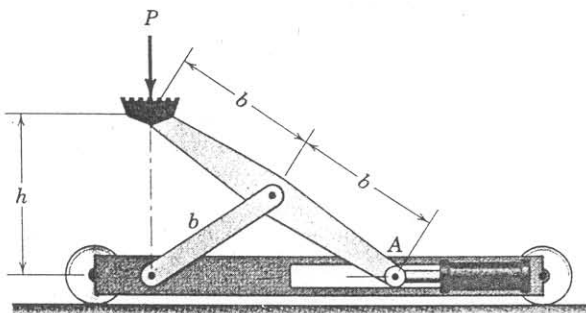
Determine the torque  $M$  on the activating lever of the dump truck necessary to balance the load of mass  $m$  with center of mass at  $G$  when the dump angle is  $\theta$ . The polygon  $ABDC$  is a parallelogram.



**Problem 8**

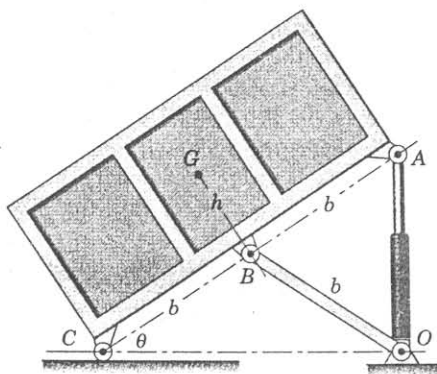
9. The portable car hoist is operated by the hydraulic cylinder which controls the horizontal movement of end A of the link in the horizontal slot. Determine the compression  $C$  in the piston rod of the cylinder to support the load  $P$  at a height  $h$ .

$$\text{Ans. } C = P \sqrt{\left(\frac{2b}{h}\right)^2 - 1}$$



Problem 9

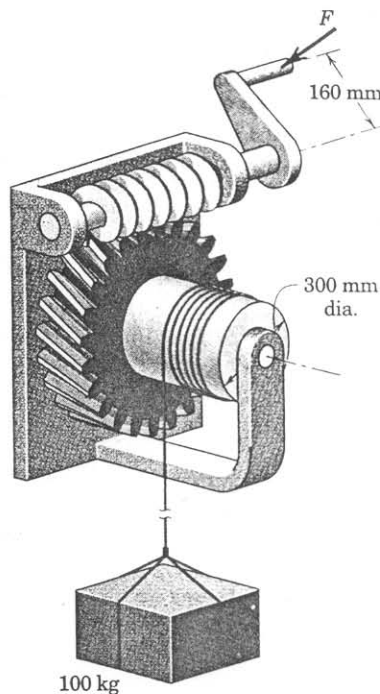
10. The hydraulic cylinder  $OA$  and link  $OB$  are arranged to control the tilt of the load which has a mass  $m$  and a center of mass at  $G$ . The lower corner  $C$  is free to roll horizontally as the cylinder linkage elongates. Determine the force  $P$  in the cylinder necessary to maintain equilibrium at a given angle  $\theta$ .



Problem 10

11. The hand-operated hoist is designed to lift a 100-kg load where 25 turns of the handle on the worm shaft produce one revolution of the drum. Assuming a 40-percent loss of energy due to friction in the mechanism, calculate the force  $F$  normal to the handle arm required to lift the load.

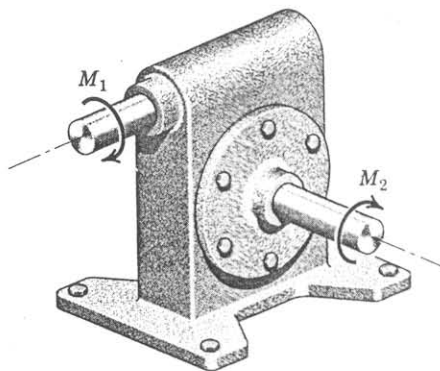
$$\text{Ans. } F = 61.3 \text{ N}$$



Problem 11

### Representative Problems

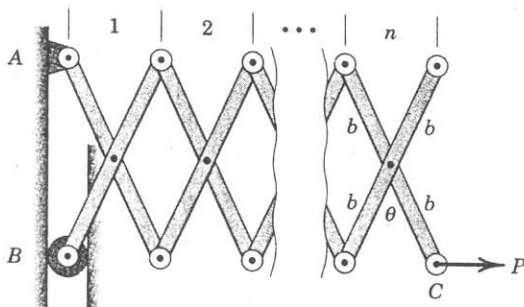
12. The speed reducer shown is designed with a gear ratio of 40:1. With an input torque  $M_1 = 30 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}$ , the measured output torque is  $M_2 = 1180 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}$ . Determine the mechanical efficiency  $e$  of the unit.



Problem 12

13. The folding linkage is composed of  $n$  identical sections, each of which consists of two identical bars of mass  $m$  each. Determine the horizontal force  $P$  necessary to maintain equilibrium in an arbitrary position characterized by the angle  $\theta$ . Does  $P$  depend on the number  $n$  of sections present?

$$\text{Ans. } P = mg \tan \frac{\theta}{2}, \text{ no}$$

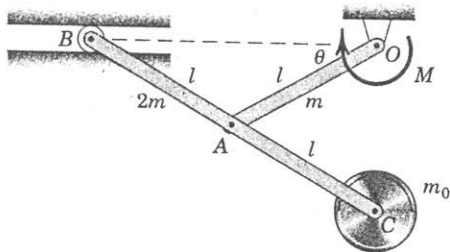


Problem 13

14. Replace the force  $P$  acting on the linkage of Prob. 13 by a couple  $M$ . Determine the moment  $M$  of the couple necessary to maintain equilibrium in an arbitrary position characterized by the angle  $\theta$ . Does  $M$  depend on the number  $n$  of sections present?

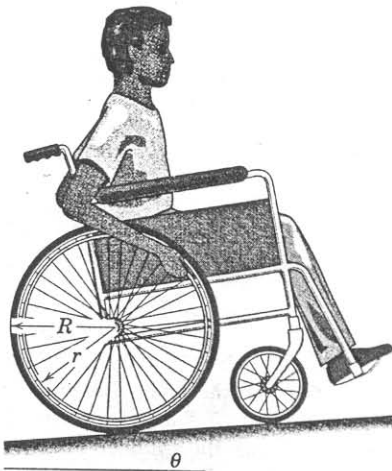
15. Determine the couple  $M$  which must be applied at  $O$  in order to support the mechanism in the position  $\theta = 30^\circ$ . The masses of the disk at  $C$ , bar  $OA$ , and bar  $BC$  are  $m_0$ ,  $m$ , and  $2m$ , respectively.

$$\text{Ans. } M = \left(\frac{5}{4}m + m_0\right)gl\sqrt{3}$$



Problem 15

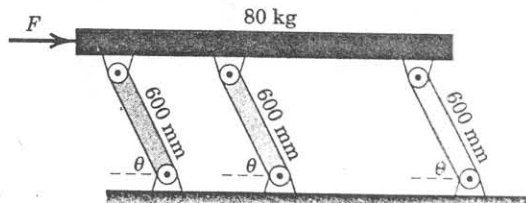
16. Determine the force  $F$  which the person must apply tangent to the rim of the handwheel of a wheelchair in order to roll up the incline of angle  $\theta$ . The combined mass of the chair and person is  $m$ . (If  $s$  is the displacement of the center of the wheel measured along the incline and  $\beta$  the corresponding angle in radians through which the wheel turns, it is easily shown that  $s = R\beta$  if the wheel rolls without slipping.)



Problem 16

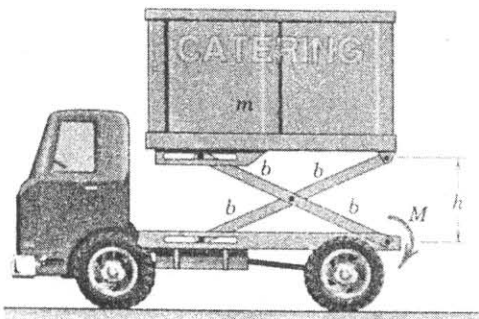
17. Specify the horizontal force  $F$  necessary to maintain equilibrium of the 80-kg platform in terms of the angle  $\theta$  made by the supporting links with the horizontal. Each of the three uniform links has a mass of 10 kg. (Compare the solution by virtual work with a solution by force and moment equilibrium.)

$$\text{Ans. } F = 932 \cot \theta \text{ N}$$



Problem 17

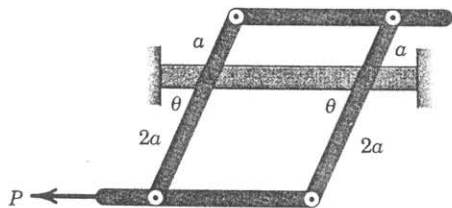
- 18 The cargo box of the food-delivery truck for aircraft servicing has a loaded mass  $m$  and is elevated by the application of a torque  $M$  on the lower end of the link which is hinged to the truck frame. The horizontal slots allow the linkage to unfold as the cargo box is elevated. Express  $M$  as a function of  $h$ .



Problem 18

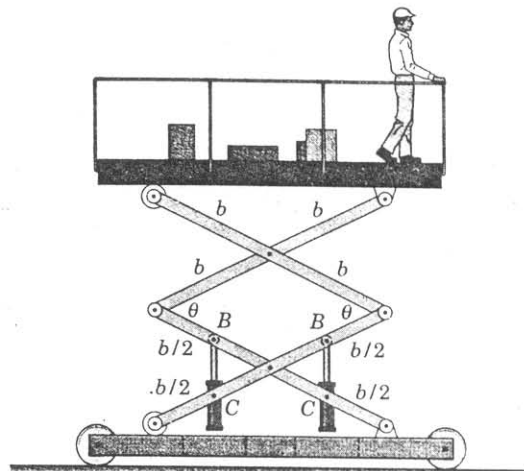
- 19 Each of the four uniform movable bars has a mass  $m$ , and their equilibrium position in the vertical plane is controlled by the force  $P$  applied to the end of the lower bar. For a given value of  $P$ , determine the equilibrium angle  $\theta$ . Is it possible for the equilibrium position shown to be maintained by replacing the force  $P$  by a couple  $M$  applied to the end of the lower horizontal bar?

$$\text{Ans. } \theta = \tan^{-1} \frac{mg}{P}, \text{ no}$$



Problem 19

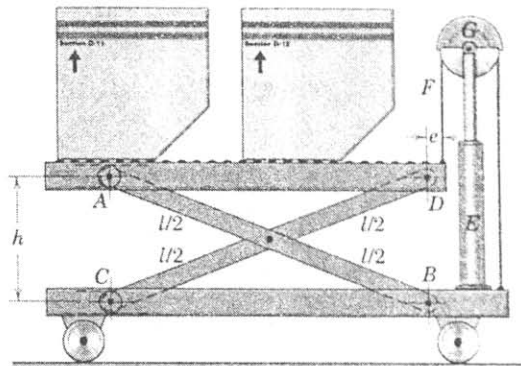
- 20 The portable work platform is elevated by means of the two hydraulic cylinders articulated at points  $C$ . Each cylinder is under a hydraulic pressure  $p$  and has a piston area  $A$ . Determine the pressure  $p$  required to support the platform and show that it is independent of  $\theta$ . The platform, worker, and supplies have a combined mass  $m$ , and the masses of the links may be neglected.



Problem 20

- 21 The existing design of an aircraft cargo loader is under review. The platform  $AD$  of the loader is elevated to the proper height by the mechanism shown. There are two sets of linkages and hydraulic lifts, one set on each side. Cables  $F$  which lift the platform are controlled by the hydraulic cylinders  $E$  whose piston rods elevate the pulleys  $G$ . If the total weight of the platform and containers is  $W$ , determine the compressive force  $P$  in each of the two piston rods. Does  $P$  depend on the height  $h$ ? What force  $Q$  is supported by each link at its center joint when  $W$  is centered between  $A$  and  $D$ ?

$$\text{Ans. } P = W, \text{ no; } Q = \frac{W}{2} \left( 1 + \frac{2e}{\sqrt{l^2 - h^2}} \right)$$



Problem 21