

$$y = \frac{-3}{x} \text{ POD's}$$
$$= -3x^{-1}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 3x^{-2}$$
$$= \frac{3}{x^2}$$

$$y = \frac{4}{\sqrt{x}}$$

$$= \frac{4}{x^{1/2}}$$

$$= 4x^{-1/2}$$

Rewriting

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -2x^{-3/2}$$

$$= \frac{-2}{x^{3/2}}$$

$$= \frac{-2}{\sqrt{x^3}}$$

HW problem

$$f(x) = x^3$$

$$3x - y + 1 = 0$$

Equation tangent to f + parallel to line

$$f'(x) = 3x^2$$

$$3x - y + 1 = 0$$

$$3x + 1 = y$$

$$y = 3x + 1$$

$$\underline{\underline{m = 3}}$$

$$3x^2 = 3$$

$$x^2 = 1$$

$$x = \pm 1$$

Points from original

$$f(1) = 1^3 = 1$$

$$f(-1) = (-1)^3 = -1$$

$$(1, 1); m = 3$$

$$f(1, -1) m = 3$$

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - 1 = 3(x - 1)$$

$$y - 1 = 3x - 3$$

$$\underline{\underline{y = 3x - 2}}$$

$$y + 1 = 3(x + 1)$$

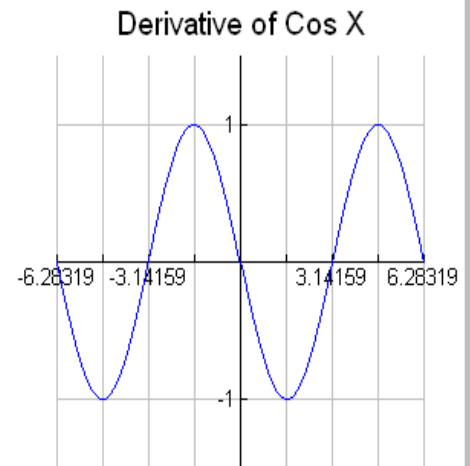
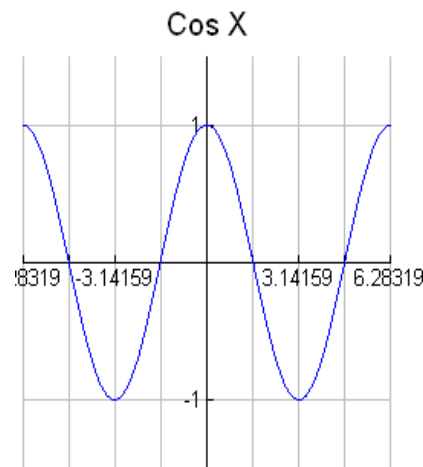
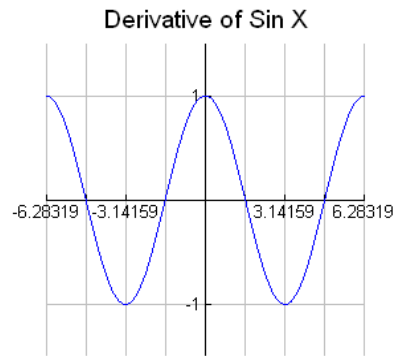
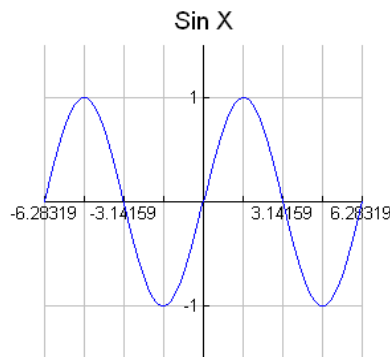
$$\underline{\underline{y = 3x + 2}}$$

Sum-Difference Rule

$$\frac{d}{dx}(f(x) + g(x)) = f'(x) + g'(x)$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \sin x = \cos x$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \cos x = -\sin x$$



$s(t)$ = position function
 $v(t) = s'(t)$ = instantaneous velocity