

Crackles and crepitations on auscultation of the chest are characteristic of	
a) pneumonia	T
b) asthma	F
c) left ventricular failure	T
d) bronchial carcinoma	F
e) fibrosing alveolitis	T
Familial hypercholesterolaemia	
a) has autosomal dominant inheritance	T
b) is a recognised cause of hypothyroidism	F
c) is characterised by decreased synthesis or activity of LDL receptors	T
d) is a recognised risk factor for coronary heart disease	T
e) usually responds adequately to dietary modification alone	F
Hydrocoeles	
a) are associated with increased fertility	F
b) are a recognised complication of testicular cancer	T
c) do not trans-illuminate	F
d) can be treated effectively with sulphasalazine	F
e) are a recognised complication of patent processus vaginalis	T
Parasuicide	
a) is usually associated with mental illness	F
b) is more common in males than females	F
c) is linked to the increasing use of barbiturates	F
d) is usually precipitated by a situational crisis	T
e) should always be treated by admission for observation onto a psychiatric ward	F
Risk factors for depression in women are	
a) having three children below the age of 14 years	T
b) unemployment	T
c) loss of father before the age of 11	F
d) a house move in the last 2 years	F
e) an absence of a sexual relationship	F
The following medications are ototoxic	
a) methotrexate	F
b) cis-platinum	T
c) acetylsalicylic acid	T
d) paracetamol	T
e) gentamicin	T
A non-pulsatile lump in the neck is	
a) probably a branchial cyst if present in the posterior triangle	F
b) should be excised and biopsied if other investigations are normal and there is no response to antibiotics	T
c) can be the first sign of oropharyngeal carcinoma	T
d) is an uncommon presentation of lymphoma	F
e) can be a thyroglossal duct cyst only if it is in the midline	T
Features of subarachnoid haemorrhage include	
a) severe occipito-frontal headache	T
b) hypotension	F
c) neck stiffness	T
d) sub-hyaloid haemorrhages	T
e) xanthochromic CSF	T
Ocular manifestations of diabetes mellitus include	
a) retinitis pigmentosa	F
b) retrobulbar neuritis	F
c) medullated nerve fibres	F
d) vitreous haemorrhage	T
e) an isolated third nerve palsy	T
Cigarette smoking is associated with an increased risk of developing	
a) cerebrovascular disease	T
b) ulcerative colitis	F
c) prostate cancer	F
d) Parkinsons disease	F
e) oral cancer	T

Sample Extended Matching

Theme: Neoplasias

- A Adenoma
- B Sarcoma
- C Melanoma
- D Astrocytoma
- E Transitional Cell carcinoma
- F Meningioma
- G Adenocarcinoma
- H Mesothelioma

Which of the above histological descriptions best describes the most common malignant conditions in adults found in the

- 1. Bronchus G
- 2. Urinary bladder E
- 3. Pancreas G
- 4. Cerebral hemisphere D
- 5. Exposed skin C