

Works Cited

“Animal Testing and Medicine.” *Animal Testing and Medicine*. NCBI,

doi:10.4103/1995-705X.81548. Accessed 8 Mar. 2018.

Animal Testing: Lily at TEDxYouth@IsaacDickson. Performance by Lily, Youtube, 2012.

Animal Testing - TED style Talk. Youtube, 2017.

Britannica, Encyclopædia, editor. “animal rights.” *SIRS Discoverer*, Britanica, 1 Aug. 2011,

discoverer.prod.sirs.com/discoweb/disco/do/article?urn=urn%3Asirs%3AUS%3BARTIC

LE%3BART%3B0000320399. Accessed 30 Jan. 2018. This article written by an author

from Encyclopedia Britannica is made to inform people about how animal

experimentation and animal activists are changing the world. It first starts off with the

background of it all. In this section the author states that the proper treatment of animals

has been debated in the west for centuries. The part I mostly focused on was was the

Animal Experimentation section and the Opposition to Experimentation. Also the

article’s

Casey, Michael. “Animal Experimentation Up 73 Percent, Study Says.” *CBS News*, 26 Feb.

2015. *CBS News*,

www.cbsnews.com/news/peta-study-finds-animal-testing-in-federal-labs-on-the-increase/

. Accessed 8 Mar. 2018.

The Curious History of the Lab Rat. Performance by Hank Green, Youtube, 2013.

Day, Nancy. *Animal Experimentation Cruelty or Science?* Springfield, Enslow Publishers, 1994.

This book is a great source for my topic because It clearly explains about animal

experimentation. The author Nancy Day is a credible author because she has published a

wide variety of articles for young people. She is particularly interested in science and history. The prologue of the book *Day* explains how a secret organization called (ALF) Animal Liberation Front breaks into a Howard University research lab to steal cats. Yes cats. They stole those cats so that researchers could not test on the cats for what they say “Medical purposes”. After the story she explains a huge deal that each year +scientists use 17 to 22 million animals for experimentation. That's horrible, but get this, about 90 percent of those animals are rats, mice, other rodents. The rest are about 173,000 rabbits, 75,000 dogs, 20,000 cats, and 25,000 primates (monkeys and apes).

This book was very useful to me because I am also researching animal experimentation in the past as well. *Day* showed me that the past of animal experimentation reflected big time today. Now there are animal activists that will not let experimentalists experiment on these helpless animals. *Day* says that experimentalists would say that they are doing this so they could find cures for AIDS, different types of Cancers, and other diseases. *Day* rebutted that by saying, “Well where are the cures that you have made by killing millions of animals”. That is very true. *Day* explains that there are also lots of animal experiment activist organizations such as PETA who has their own motto. they state, “animals are not ours to eat, wear, or experiment on”. Even though animal activists have caused up to 10 million dollars in the US, It would have never happened if animal experimentation didn't happen.

“Do Animals Have Rights? New Laws Spark Animal Rights Debate.” *Current Events*, vol. 108, no. 23, 27 Apr. 2009, p. 4+. *SIRS Discoverer*,

discoverer.prod.sirs.com/discoweb/disco/do/article?urn=urn%3Asirs%3AUS%3BARTICLE%3BART%3B0000293009. Accessed 9 Feb. 2018. This article I found from *Sirs Discoverer* was very interesting to me. I think this article was meant to be for students because at the end there were questions about the article. This article was made by the Weekly Reader Corporation, and published as current events. In the beginning the author talks about how the apes in Spain were finally free because Spain's parliament that was made in 2008 was approved. This resolution granted legal rights to all great apes. Then the article talks about how other countries in the UN started following Spain. Then comes the section about Proposition 2. Proposition 2 stated that animals such as egg laying hens, calves, pregnant hogs, and other animals should not be put in cages. At the end the article talks about the differences between human rights and animal rights.

“Experiments on Animals: Overview.” *PETA*,

www.peta.org/issues/animals-used-for-experimentation/animals-used-experimentation-factsheets/animal-experiments-overview/. Accessed 8 Mar. 2018.

Inside the minds of animals - Bryan B Rasmussen. Performance by Bryan B. Rasmussen, Youtube, 2015.

Mongale, Katie. “Are Animals Equal?” *Scholastic Inc*, Apr.-May 1993, pp. 19-21. *SIRS*

Discoverer,

discoverer.prod.sirs.com/discoweb/disco/do/article?urn=urn%3Asirs%3AUS%3BARTICLE%3BART%3B0000025300. Accessed 9 Feb. 2018. This article called *Are Animals Equal* written by Katie Mongale, was written to inform how animal experimentation, and animal activists were changing the world. She starts off the article by stating how in 1992

new years day, there were 3 huge animals, dressed as a pig, rat, and a rabbit. The demonstrators had been going against General Motors, A vehicle parts and selling company. They have been using ferrets and other animals for crash tests. I know Horrible right. General motors quickly stopped doing that after numbers of these demonstrators. Then the article goes on how even though humans are top of the food chain animals still need some rights. This article taught me alot about how humans are overpowering animals and doing unexpectable things to them.

Pomeroy, Ross. "Mad Scientists of the Modern Age: Vladimir Demikhov." *Real Clear Science*, 1 Oct. 2012. *Real Clear Science*, www.realclearscience.com/blog/2012/10/mad-scientists-of-the-modern-age-vladimir-demikhov.html. Accessed 13 Mar. 2018.

Stevens, Christine. "Animals in Laboratories." *Animal Welfare Institute*, Christine Stevens, 30 Jan. 2018, awionline.org/content/animals-laboratories. Accessed 8 Feb. 2018. This webpage on the website of the (AWI) Animal Welfare Institute explains a lot about how animals are put in laboratories to be tested. It was intended to speak out for animal abuse. This organization was founded by Christine Stevens in 1951. Stevens is an expert in the field of animal experimentation. In the organization's early years, their particular emphasis was on the desperate needs of animals used for experimentation. In the decades that followed, they expanded the scope of their work to address many other areas of animal suffering. The website now contains a donation form so they could let the animals that they saved from laboratories thrive. They also have articles about experimentation,

their different programs, and other topics. This website taught me about how animal experimentation is bad and need to be terminated.

“Top Five Reasons to Stop Animal Testing.” *Top Five Reasons to Stop Animal Testing*, www.peta.org/blog/top-five-reasons-stop-animal-testing/. Accessed 1 Mar. 2018.