

### Seminar 18 (Suggested Solution)

1. Let X be the no. of accidents in any given month

$$X \sim P(3)$$

a)  $P(X = 5) = e^{-3} 3^5 / 5! = 0.1008$  (4 decimal places)

b)  $P(X < 3) = P(X=0) + P(X=1) + P(X=2)$   
 $= e^{-3} 3^0 / 0! + e^{-3} 3^1 / 1! + e^{-3} 3^2 / 2! = 0.4232$  (4 decimal places)

c)  $P(X \geq 2) = 1 - P(X < 2)$   
 $= 1 - P(X=0) - P(X=1) = 0.8009$  (4 decimal places)

2. Let X be the no. of person die from the infection

$$X \sim B(2000, 0.002)$$

since  $n = 2000 > 100$  is large enough, and  $p = 0.002$  is close to zero, Poisson approximation can be used.

$$\lambda = np = 2000 \times 0.002 = 4 \Rightarrow X \sim P(4)$$

$$P(X < 5) = P(X=0) + P(X=1) + \dots + P(X=4)$$

$$\cong e^{-4} 4^0 / 0! + e^{-4} 4^1 / 1! + \dots + e^{-4} 4^4 / 4! = 0.6288$$
 (4 decimal places)

3. a) mean =  $\mu = \lambda = np = 2000 \times 0.002 = 4$

$$\text{variance} = \sigma^2 = \lambda = 4$$

b) For  $k = 2$ , we have  $\mu \pm 2\sigma = 4 \pm 2 \times 2 = (0, 8)$

4. a) Let X be the no. of vegetable contained in the salad.

$$X \sim P(5)$$

$$P(X > 5) = 1 - P(X \leq 5)$$

$$= 1 - P(X=0) - P(X=1) - \dots - P(X=5) = 0.3840$$
 (4 decimal places)

- b) Let Y be the no. of days that the salad contain more than 5 vegetables.

$$Y \sim B(4, 0.3840)$$

$$P(Y=3) = {}_4C_3 (0.3840)^3 (1-0.3840)^{4-3} = 0.1395$$
 (4 decimal places)

5. Let X be the no. of form in error.

$$X \sim B(4,000, 0.001)$$

since  $n = 4000 > 100$  is large enough, and  $p = 0.001$  is close to zero, (or  $np = 4000 \times 0.001 = 4 < 5$ )

Poisson approximation can be used.

$$\Rightarrow \text{mean} = \lambda \cong np = 4000 \times 0.001 = 4$$

$$X \sim P(4)$$

$$P(X = 6, 7 \text{ or } 8) = P(X=6) + P(X=7) + P(X=8)$$

$$\cong e^{-4} 4^6 / 6! + e^{-4} 4^7 / 7! + e^{-4} 4^8 / 8! = 0.1935$$
 (4 decimal places)