



# Auditor Security Collection

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# Auditor Security Collection

The Auditor security collection is a GPL-licensed live CD based on Knoppix, with more than 300 security software tools. Auditor gives you easy access to a broad range of tools for security audits and penetration testing in almost no time. The Auditor Security Collection's primary focus is on computer security and forensics, and incident response.

# Auditor Security Collection – Cont'd

Auditor's menu is divided into several "tool groups" for easy recognition:

- Footprinting -- Applications to gain initial knowledge about a server, such as Whois and Dig.
- Analysis -- Tools to analyze a network, such as Ethereal, Etherape.
- Scanning -- Tools to scan the network, such as Nmap.
- Wireless -- Applications to test the wireless network.
- Brute-forcing -- The brute-force password cracking word list holds more than 64 million word entries, according to the Auditor Web site.
- Cracking -- Cracking tools to be used with the brute-force word lists.

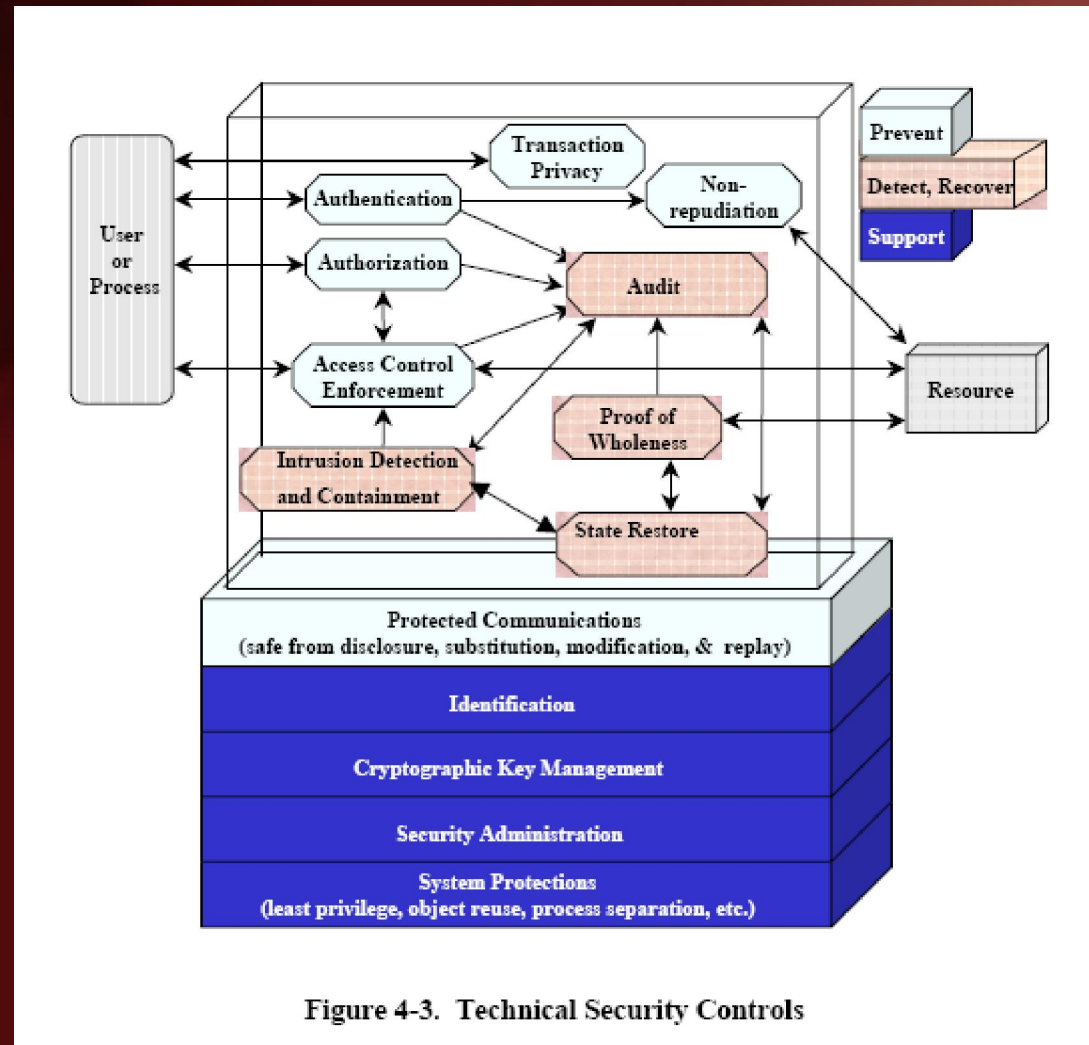
# Security Controls

According to the National Institute of Standards and Technology, by enforcing technical, managerial, and operational security controls one can prevent, detect, and recover IT systems from security threats.

# Technical Security Controls

- Support - allow implementation of other controls
- Prevent - avoid security breaches from occurring
- Detect and Recover - allow for the system to recover from a security breach by utilizing audits, intrusion detection and containment, proof of wholeness, restoration to a secure state, and virus detection.

# Technical Security Controls - Cont'd



## Technical Security Controls - Cont'd

- Auditor Security Collection facilitates audit and detection controls because it is not only very useful for conducting security audits, but it is also very useful for retrieving files from a damaged hard drive in a non-booting system.
- Ethereal, Etherape, and Nmap can all be used to demonstrate these technical audit, monitoring, and detection controls

# Etherape

Etherape is used to monitor network traffic. Featuring link layer, IP and TCP modes, it displays network activity graphically. Hosts and links change in size with traffic. Color coded protocols display. It supports Ethernet, FDDI, Token Ring, ISDN, PPP and SLIP devices. It can filter traffic to be shown, and can read traffic from a file as well as live from the network.

# Ethereal

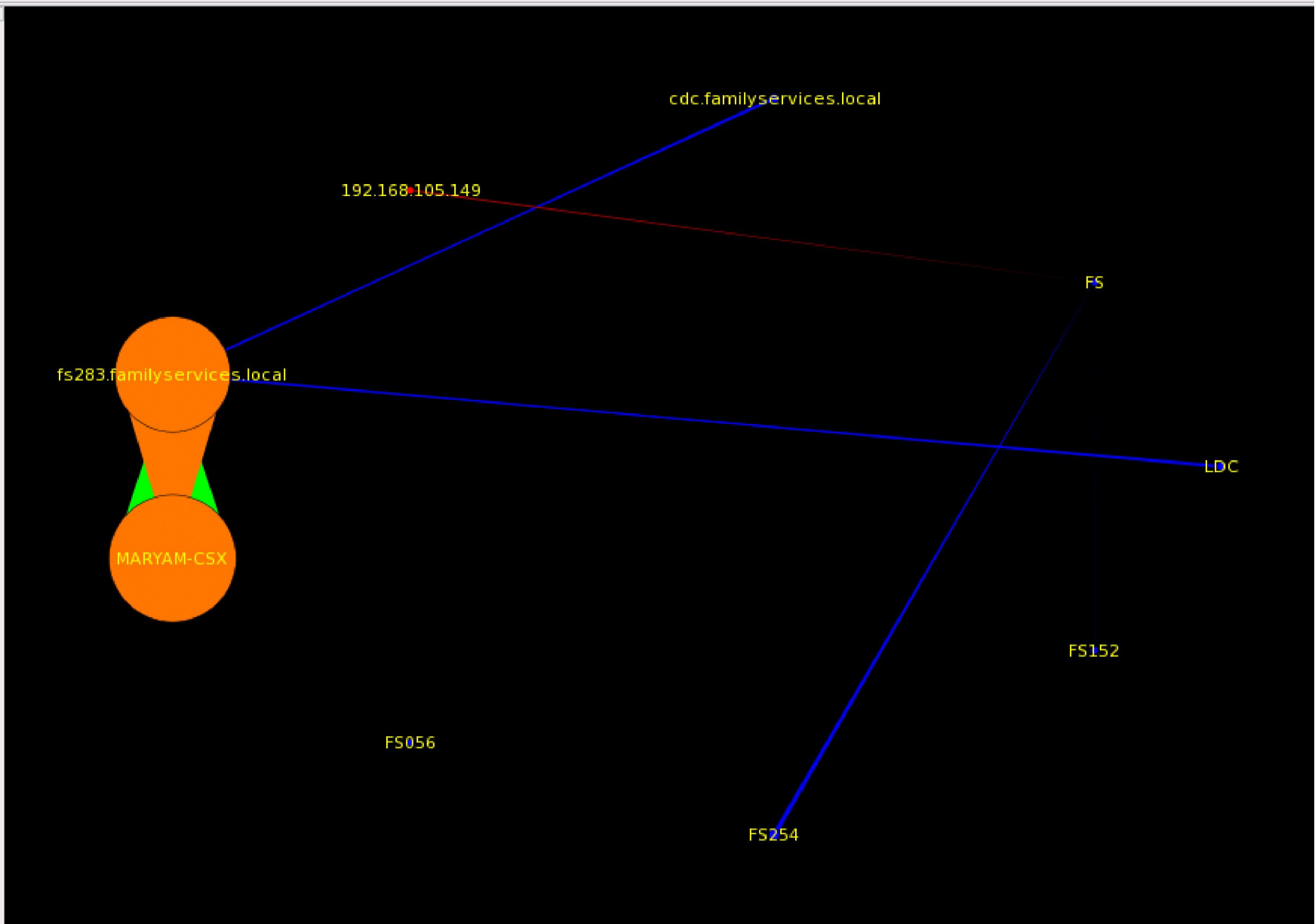
Ethereal can be run to analyze the traffic. Basically Ethereal is a network protocol analyzer, or "sniffer" for Unix and Windows, that lets you capture and interactively browse the contents of network frames.

# Nmap

- Nmap ("Network Mapper") is a free open source utility for network exploration or security auditing.
- It was designed to rapidly scan large networks, although it works fine against single hosts.
- Nmap uses raw IP packets in novel ways to determine what hosts are available on the network, what services (application name and version) those hosts are offering, what operating systems (and OS versions) they are running, what type of packet filters/firewalls are in use, and dozens of other characteristics.
- Nmap runs on most types of computers and both console and graphical versions are available.



- DOMAIN
- SNMP-TRAP
- SMB
- WNN6
- NEXTSTEP
- JAMESERVER
- FS3-ERRORS
- POP3
- IMSP
- NDTP
- ZSERV
- LDAP
- FTP
- RTSP
- WWW
- SMTTP
- CP-Unknown
- AUTH
- TELNET
- SSH
- LDAPS
- TCP
- HTTPS
- KRB\_PROP
- RBEROS-AD
- TPROXY
- FS3-VOLSER
- KNETD
- X11-4
- SAFT
- VENUS-SE
- X11-1
- FTP-DATA
- HMMP-IND
- MTP
- X11-7
- SHELL
- GOPHER
- DIRA\_UPDAT
- X11-3
- PWDGEN



Edit View Go Capture Analyze Statistics Help

Filter:  + Expression... Clear Apply

Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Info
1 0.000000	192.168.105.70	192.168.105.97	TCP	44454 > 882 [SYN] Seq=0 Ack=0 Win=3072 Len=0 MSS=1460
2 0.000018	192.168.105.97	192.168.105.70	TCP	882 > 44454 [RST, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=0 Win=0 Len=0
3 0.001948	192.168.105.70	192.168.105.97	TCP	44454 > 5802 [SYN] Seq=0 Ack=0 Win=4096 Len=0 MSS=1460
4 0.001963	192.168.105.97	192.168.105.70	TCP	5802 > 44454 [RST, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=0 Win=0 Len=0
5 0.005278	192.168.105.70	192.168.105.97	TCP	44454 > irc [SYN] Seq=0 Ack=0 Win=2048 Len=0 MSS=1460
6 0.005295	192.168.105.97	192.168.105.70	TCP	irc > 44454 [RST, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=0 Win=0 Len=0
7 0.006733	192.168.105.70	192.168.105.97	TCP	44454 > 516 [SYN] Seq=0 Ack=0 Win=2048 Len=0 MSS=1460
8 0.006747	192.168.105.97	192.168.105.70	TCP	516 > 44454 [RST, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=0 Win=0 Len=0
9 0.008934	192.168.105.70	192.168.105.97	TCP	44454 > 591 [SYN] Seq=0 Ack=0 Win=4096 Len=0 MSS=1460
10 0.008952	192.168.105.97	192.168.105.70	TCP	591 > 44454 [RST, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=0 Win=0 Len=0
11 0.012451	192.168.105.70	192.168.105.97	TCP	44454 > 770 [SYN] Seq=0 Ack=0 Win=3072 Len=0 MSS=1460
12 0.012482	192.168.105.97	192.168.105.70	TCP	770 > 44454 [RST, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=0 Win=0 Len=0
13 0.014024	192.168.105.70	192.168.105.97	TCP	44454 > 100 [SYN] Seq=0 Ack=0 Win=1024 Len=0 MSS=1460
14 0.014041	192.168.105.97	192.168.105.70	TCP	100 > 44454 [RST, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=0 Win=0 Len=0
15 0.019192	192.168.105.70	192.168.105.97	TCP	44454 > 796 [SYN] Seq=0 Ack=0 Win=2048 Len=0 MSS=1460
16 0.019213	192.168.105.97	192.168.105.70	TCP	796 > 44454 [RST, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=0 Win=0 Len=0
17 0.020663	192.168.105.70	192.168.105.97	TCP	44454 > 988 [SYN] Seq=0 Ack=0 Win=3072 Len=0 MSS=1460
18 0.020679	192.168.105.97	192.168.105.70	TCP	988 > 44454 [RST, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=0 Win=0 Len=0

Frame 1 (60 bytes on wire, 60 bytes captured)

Ethernet II, Src: 00:0d:02:58:58:68, Dst: 00:13:21:f7:51:95

Internet Protocol, Src Addr: 192.168.105.70 (192.168.105.70), Dst Addr: 192.168.105.97 (192.168.105.97)

Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 44454 (44454), Dst Port: 882 (882), Seq: 0, Ack: 0, Len: 0

```

00 13 21 f7 51 95 00 0d 02 58 58 68 08 00 45 00  ...!.Q... .XXh..E.
00 2c e9 0c 00 00 32 06 4b c7 c0 a8 69 46 c0 a8  ..,....2. K...iF..
69 61 ad a6 03 72 1b f2 69 39 00 00 00 00 60 02  ia...r.. i9....`
0c 00 01 ea 00 00 02 04 05 b4 00 00                .....

```

(Untitled) 233 KB 00:00:04 P: 3275 D: 3275 M: 0 Drops: 0

Select C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe

```
C:\Documents and Settings\User>nmap 192.168.105.97
```

```
Starting Nmap 4.01 ( http://www.insecure.org/nmap ) at 2006-02-21 10:49 Central Standard Time
```

```
Interesting ports on fs283.familyservices.local (192.168.105.97):  
<The 1670 ports scanned but not shown below are in state: closed>
```

```
PORT      STATE SERVICE
```

```
68/tcp    open  dhcpc
```

```
6000/tcp   open  X11
```

```
MAC Address: 00:13:21:F7:51:95 (Hewlett Packard)
```

```
Nmap finished: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 6.369 seconds
```

```
C:\Documents and Settings\User>nmap 192.168.105.97
```

```
Starting Nmap 4.01 ( http://www.insecure.org/nmap ) at 2006-02-21 10:50 Central Standard Time
```

```
Interesting ports on fs283.familyservices.local (192.168.105.97):  
<The 1670 ports scanned but not shown below are in state: closed>
```

```
PORT      STATE SERVICE
```

```
68/tcp    open  dhcpc
```

```
6000/tcp   open  X11
```

```
MAC Address: 00:13:21:F7:51:95 (Hewlett Packard)
```

```
Nmap finished: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 6.670 seconds
```

```
C:\Documents and Settings\User>nmap 192.168.105.97
```

```
Starting Nmap 4.01 ( http://www.insecure.org/nmap ) at 2006-02-21 10:52 Central Standard Time
```

```
Interesting ports on fs283.familyservices.local (192.168.105.97):  
<The 1670 ports scanned but not shown below are in state: closed>
```

```
PORT      STATE SERVICE
```

```
68/tcp    open  dhcpc
```

```
6000/tcp   open  X11
```

```
MAC Address: 00:13:21:F7:51:95 (Hewlett Packard)
```

```
Nmap finished: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 5.488 seconds
```

```
C:\Documents and Settings\User>_
```

```
C:\Documents and Settings\User>nmap -P0 192.168.105.97 -p1-65535
```

```
Starting Nmap 4.01 ( http://www.insecure.org/nmap ) at 2006-03-03 15:03 Central  
Standard Time
```

```
^C
```

```
C:\Documents and Settings\User>nmap -P0 192.168.105.97 -p1-65535
```

```
Starting Nmap 4.01 ( http://www.insecure.org/nmap ) at 2006-03-03 15:08 Central  
Standard Time
```

```
^C
```

```
C:\Documents and Settings\User>nmap -P0 192.168.105.97 -p1-65535
```

```
Starting Nmap 4.01 ( http://www.insecure.org/nmap ) at 2006-03-03 15:09 Central  
Standard Time
```

```
Interesting ports on fs283.familyservices.local (192.168.105.97):  
(The 65533 ports scanned but not shown below are in state: closed)
```

```
PORT      STATE SERVICE
```

```
68/tcp    open  dhcpd
```

```
6000/tcp  open  X11
```

```
MAC Address: 00:13:21:F7:51:95 (Hewlett Packard)
```

```
Nmap finished: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 158.218 seconds
```

```
C:\Documents and Settings\User>nmap -P0 192.168.105.97 -p1-65535
```

```
Starting Nmap 4.01 ( http://www.insecure.org/nmap ) at 2006-03-03 15:18 Central  
Standard Time
```

```
Interesting ports on fs283.familyservices.local (192.168.105.97):  
(The 65530 ports scanned but not shown below are in state: closed)
```

```
PORT      STATE SERVICE
```

```
135/tcp   open  msrpc
```

```
139/tcp   open  netbios-ssn
```

```
445/tcp   open  microsoft-ds
```

```
3389/tcp  open  ms-term-serv
```

```
6129/tcp  open  unknown
```

```
MAC Address: 00:13:21:F7:51:95 (Hewlett Packard)
```

```
Nmap finished: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 151.979 seconds
```

```
C:\Documents and Settings\User>_
```

# Conclusion

- Using Auditor, are able to quickly start up EtherApe to start monitoring network traffic on our LAN, use Dsniff to scan for passwords sent over the network, and run Nessus to scan for vulnerabilities.
- In addition to scanning and penetration testing, Auditor would come in handy for forensics on compromised computers with tools like Wipe, Sleuthkit, recover and testdisk. Auditor also includes productivity tools, which will come in handy for admins and security consultants to produce full reports on the same machine they use for scanning and penetration testing.
- It is the "Swiss army knife of security tools"